Any person sending us five NEW subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive the sixth copy gratis, for one year.

Money may be remitted per mail, at our risk.

All letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of the Mails at Wilmington.
The mail from the North, by Railroad, arrives daily about 1½ P. M.

The mail from the South, by Steamer from Charleston, arrives daily about 8 A. M.

The mail from Fayetteville, via Warsaw, is due upon the arrival of the cars, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

The mail from Fayetteville, via Elizabethtown, by sulkey, is due on Tucsdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 9 A. M.

The mail from Onslow Court-House, by sulkey, is due on Monday's, at 5 P. M.

The mail from Black River Chapel, via Long Creek, by sulkey, is due on Thursdays, at 5 P. M. key, is due on Thursdays, at 5 P. M.

Closing of Mails. The mail for the North, by Railroad, closes daily at 10 P. M. P. M.
The mail for the South, by Steamboat, closes daily at 12 M.
The mail for Fayetteville, via Warsaw, closes on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Sundays, at 10 P. M.
The mail for Fayetteville, via Elizabethtown, by sulkey, closes on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 9 A. M.
The mail for Onslow Court-House, by sulkey, closes on Thursdays, at 10 P. M.

Thursdays, at 10 P. M.

The mail for Long Creek, by sulkey, closes on Thursdays, at 10 P. M. 49 Letters should be in the Office at least 15 minutes before the time of closing the mails.

Professional and Business Cards.

ELI W. HALL, A TTORNEY at Law, Wilmington, N. C., will practice in the Counties of New Hanover, Onslow, and Duplin.

**Toffice on Front Street, opposite the Cape Fear Bank, first door below the Washington Hotel.

A TTORNEY at Law, Wilmington, N. C., will practice in the Counties of New Hanover, Sampson, Duplin, and Office on Front Street, under the Chronicle Office. 44

EDWARD CANTWELL,
ATTORNEY at Law, Wilmington, N. C., has removed his office to Market-street, opposite the Carolina Hotel.

MARTIN & CRONLY. A UCTIONEERS and Commission Merchants,
Wilmington, N. C.
A. Martin M. Cronly.

o be no vervous ad com-xamine lopes of applica-AGNET-tonish-days I I since and my

WILLIAM A. GWYER. CENERAL Agent, Forwarding & Commission Mer-CHANT.—I take pleasure in informing my friends, that I am prepared to give all business entrusted to me, efficient and personal attention. I have a wharf for Naval Stores, with ample accommodations, Spirit House, and Warehouse. Consignments of Naval Stores for sale or shipment, and all kinds of country produce solicited. Cash advances made on consignments. consignments.
Wilmington, N. C , May 24, 1850

C. MYERS,

MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes, of every description, wholesale and retail, North side Market-street, Wilmington, N. C.

J. S. WILLIAMS, Wilmington, N. C., WILLIAMS, Wilmington, N. C., WHOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, keeps constantly on hand large assortments of Gentlemen's Under Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, silk and linen Pocket Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Suspenders, Hosiery, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. &c., at prices far below the usual rates.

J. M. ROBINSON,

IMPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves,
Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wilmington, N. C.

35

SAVAGE & MEARES,

CENERAL Commission Merchants and AuctionEERS, Wilmington, N. C. EDWARD SAVAGE. May 3, 1850.

OWEN HOLMES,
WHOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Domestic Goods,
Groceries, Crockery Ware, &c. &c., Wilmington, N. C

GEORGE W. DAVIS, COMMISSION and Forwarding Merchant, Davis's Wharf, South Water Street, Wilmington, N. C. 1

A. C. EVANS & BROTHER,

RUGGISTS and Apothecaries. Exchange Buildings,
Market-street, Wilmington, N. C. 10

WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c., corner of Front and Market-streets, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wil-

TNSPECTOR of Timber and Lumber, Wilmington, N. C.

ALFRED ALDERMAN INSPECTOR of Naval Stores and Provisions, [29-tf] Wilmington, N. C.

W. T. J. VANN,

[NSPECTOR of Naval Stores and Provisions,

[28-tf] Wilmington, N. C.

DAVID CASHWELL, GENERAL Commission & Forwarding Merchant, Wilmington, N. C

MILES COSTIN,
GENERAL Agent, for the sale of all kinds of Country
Produce; such as Lumber, Timper, Naval Stores, Corn,

P. K. DICKINSON, JOHN DAWSON, E. P. HALL, O. G. PARSLEY, GILBERT POTTER, Dr. T. H. WRIGHT, Wilmington, N. C.

S. R. FORD,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Dealer in Marble Monuments;
WHead and Foot Stones; Paint Stones; Imposing do.;
and, in short, any article called for, of either Italian, Egyptian or American Marble: and work warranted to please or
sale; and if damaged before delivery, it is at his expense.
Nev. 16—[10-tf

HOTCHKISS' VERTICAL WATER WHEELS.

T E. TOOMER is Agent for the above Wheels in this • place. He will take pleasure in showing the Castings to any person who may desire to see them.

There will be found at his office a supply of Wheels, Cranks, and Gudgeons, at all times, for sale singly or in pairs.

Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1850

33-12m

HUNGARIAN Caps—One of the novelties of the age. For sale by
March 29]

C. MYERS, Hatter.

UMBRELLAS: Umbrellas! The subscriber has just opened the largest assortment of Umbrellas ever offered in this market, embracing every variety of quality, style, and price, and will be sold at small profits for the cash.

March 291

C. MYERS, Hatter.

CREW LISTS.—A large supply on hand and for sale low at the

Now Open. A great variety of Children's Spring and Summer Hats, to which the attention of those wishing purchase is respectfully solicited.

March 291

C. MYERS, Hatter.

DRY GOODS, at less than New York Cost.—I will sell my stock of Dry Goods at less than New York cost. Please call and get bargains. OWEN HOLMES.

MONEY Wanted. I once more notify persons indebted to me, that I cannot, and will not grant longer indulgence; and that if payment is not immediately made, I will place in the hands of an Attorney, all debts due me without respect to persons, with positive instructions to collect them as soon as possible.

OWEN HOLMES.

thing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Saddlery, Medicines and Dye Stuffs, Alum and Sack Salt, Corn Given In addition to the above, country residents will find many other articles suited to their wants which will be offered for sale at low prices.

B. & R. C. HALLETT.

PINE OIL.—A pure article can be obtained at the store of in any Jail in the State, or a reward of One Hundred dollars for his head.

Warranted good, or money returned

Lattimer, his Agents in Wilmington, or for his confinement in any Jail in the State, or a reward of One Hundred dollars for his head.

Masters of vessels are particularly cautioned against harmonic or concenting the said negro on board their vessels, as Warranted good, or money returned
A. H. VANBOKKELEN,

Liberal discounts to those who wish to sell again.

eparament of dale Wilmington Iournal.

Any subseriour wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the above terms.

AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$2 50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 6......WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 5, 1850......NO. 43.

General Notices.

Men Wanted to Travel as Agents for the History of

sively by agents, at a reasonable and uniform price.

H. MANSFIELD, Book Publisher,

134 York street, New Haven, Connecticut.

New Haven, Ct., 15th June, 1850.

42-3t* TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and debtors that in the fire of Wednesday night last, which destroyed his office, most of his books and papers, bonds, notes, and other evidences of debt, were so mutilated and defaced by fire and water as to make it necessary to renew the same; he therefore requests all those indebted to him, either by bond, note or otherwise, to come forward at the earliest possible moment and renew or acknowledge the same, which he will moment and renew or acknowledge the same, which he will consider a great favor, as the confusion in which his business s thrown by this calamity, will necessarily confine him closely at home for weeks or months, and prevent him from waiting upon them for that purpose. Please, gentlemen, come forward without delay and assist me in straightening up my affairs in the best manner I can. I can be found at my office in the brick building on Front Street, near and above my old office.

H. NUTT.

June 15, 1850

41-3t

BRYAN NEWKIRK, Building JAMES KERR, J. B. SEAVEY, Upper Black River, June 10th, 1850. NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that I will require, from and after the 17th instant, the payment of cost in advance upon all cases of debt brought against persons residing within the corporate limits of the Town, and for which I am entitled to fees as Special Magistrate. JOHN McAUSLAN.

Wilmington, N. C., June 14, 1850

OTICE.—The subscribers having qualified as Executors to the Will of Rich'd Miller, dee'd, at the April Term, s. 1850, of the County Court of Duplin, hereby notifies all persons indebted to their Testator, to come forward and make payment; and all persons having claims against said Testator are notified to present them within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

JAS. H. HICKS, May 13, 1850—[36tf] WM. W. MILLER, Ex'rs.

WANTED

Jane 6th 1850

[t. reg.]

Jane 6th 1850

[t. reg.]

Jane 6th 1850

[t. reg.]

JOHN MCAUSLAN.

All-3t

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The next annual meeting of the Stockholders and leading in the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company will be held in Pittsboro', on the 18th day of July next.

It is confidently hoped that the great importance and present progression of this improvement will draw together a large attendance of Stockholders and visitors.

S. McLENAHAN, President.

Pittsboro', June 18, 1850.

Cane Scat Chairs and Booth.

Cane Scat Chairs and Booth.

WANTED. THE subscriber will pay CASH for all kinds of Paper Man-■ ufacturer's stock, viz: White and colored Rags; Grass and Tarred Rope. L. N. BARLOW. Wilmington N. C. March 29, 1850

sing all the styles of Millinery Goods, which will be disposed of at prices as low as at any other establishment in town.

With my grateful thanks for favors heretofore received, I nost respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

March 29, 1850 31-1y] Mrs. V. R. PEIRSON.

WATCH and Clock Makers, Jewellers, &c., opposite the Chronicle Office, Front-street, Wilnington, N. C. mington, N. C.

A. G. B. having just returned from the North, with a new stock of Elegant Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Musical Boxes, Plated and Silver Ware, respectfully invite the Ladies and Gentlemen of Wilmington, and country generally, to exemine our stock before making a purchase elsewhere, as we flatter ourselves that we can sell goods at as low prices as any other establishment South. This stock is the third one we have seeded within the last five months, which is a proof That desirable residence on Market street continued, on the second square, east of boundary street, on the north side, one story high and basement; well calculated for a small family. The building is built of the best makes that a quick sale and small profit is the best and only way to secure the good will and patronage of the citizens generally.

N. B.—Every description of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Musical Boxes, Plated and Silver Ware, personally repaired, and in a workman-like manner, not to be surpassed by any other establishment, and warranted for one year.

February 15, 1850

NOTICE—All person

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to J. Kyle, in the shape of notes, accounts, &c., will please call at his Store and settle forthwith, or he will be under the necessity of placing

Notice.—Consignees and owners of Goods, combining by any of the Packets consigned to my address, are hereby notified that they must attend to receiving them on their arrival, and during the time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be responsible for any goods after being landed. October 16, 1849.

October 16, 1849.

October 16, 1849.

Dock and Orange Streets, and adjoins the residence of WM.

B. Jones.

Persons wishing to purchase a desirable residence, will please call on the subscriber at his Tailor's Shop on Front Street, up stairs, over Dr. HARRISS's medical office, where all necessary information will be freely given.

June 7, 1850

39-tf]

NOTICE.—Taken up and committed to Onslow Jail, on the 25th inst., a negro man who says his name is JACOB, and that he belongs to John Elliott, of Cumberland county. Said negro is about 22 years of age, and will weigh about 190 or 200 lbs. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

W. D. HUMPHREY, Sheriff.
May 26, 1850.

38-11w

THE above reward will be given to any person who furnishes sufficient proof to convict any white person of harboring and assisting the negro girl SALLY, slave. Said SALLY runaway from the subscribers on the 19th of April last, and has not since been heard of.

BRAY & AUGUSTINE.
Wilmington, June 21, 1850

Sto REWARD.

Describer has opened a large stock of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES, at HALL & Armstern Armstern Armstern Armstern Brown on SALLY. She is supposed to be lurking about P. K. Dickinson's or Capt. Potter's Mill, or Summer Hill, where she has some relations. I will give the above reward for the apprehension of said SALLY, lodged in New Hanover County Jail, or delivered to me at my plantation, about two miles from town, on Northeast River.

May 3, 1850

STRONG'S old stand, on Water-street, which he will sell low for eash. He will also act as Agent for the sale of all kinds of country produce.

December 14, 1849

MILES COSTIN.

14-tf

OOCOA Nuts.—3,000 Jamaica Cocoa Nuts, fresh, for sale by J. WILKINSON & CO.

Nay 3, 1850

N STORE.—4,000 bushels Turks Island Salt;

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD FOR AARON.

respect to persons, with positive instructions to collect them as soon as possible.

To the Ladies. I have just received a few Ladies' Riding Hats, of the Spring Fashion for 1850, a beautiful article. For sale by

C MYERS, Hatter.

HUNGARIAN Hats.—Received per schr. Charles lightful article for Summer. For sale low by

Mills, 5 cases Gent.'s Hungarian Hats, a most dealightful article for Summer. For sale low by

C. MYERS.

Hallettville, Long Creek, N. C., 8th January, 1850.

The subscribers beg to call the attention of the citizens of superior stock of goods at present on hand, the greater part of which has recently been received direct from New York and other Northern markets. Their stock consists in part of the following articles, which will be sold cheap for Cash or Berter, viz:

Dry Goods, Groceles, Hardware, Hollow-ware, Wood-ware, Cutlery, Crockery, Guns, Farming and Garden Implements, Garden Seeds, Rendy Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Saddlery, Medicines and Dye Stuffs, Alum and Sack Salt, Corn

Given under our hands and seals, this 2d day of April, 1850.

W. N. PEDEN, J. P. [Seal.]

JNO. A. TAYLOR, J. P. [Seal.]

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD will be paid for the delivery of the said Aaron to the subscriber, or to Anderson & Latimer, his Agents in Wilmington, or for his confinement is any Leil in the State of a reward of One Handred dellars.

in any Jail in the State, or a remainder of this head.

Masters of vessels are particularly cautioned against harMasters of vessels are particularly cautioned against harboring or concealing the said negro on board their vessels, as
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General Notices.

Men Wanted to Travel as Agents for the History of The Mexican War.

The Undersigned, her Britanic Majesty's Consul for North and South Carolina, is directed to make public the subjoined particulars respecting an intended exhibition of the works of industry of all nations, to be holden in London in the year 1851, and begs to invite co-operation in an undertaking of such obvious international benefit and advantage. He will be happy to receive communications from parties distance of the above work in Now Hanover County, and other Counties of the State of North Carolina.

The terms, which are very liberal, will be given on application to the subscriber, post paid.

This work will never be sold in the Book stores, but exclusions work will never be sold in the Book stores, but exclusions the Mexican War.

The Mexican War.

The undersigned, her Britanic Majesty's Consul for North and South Carolina, is directed to make public the subjoined particulars respecting an intended exhibition of the works of industry of such obvious international benefit and advantage. He will be happy to receive communications from parties distinct the year 1851, and begs to invite co-operation in an undertaking of such obvious international benefit and advantage. He will be happy to receive communications from parties distinct the year 1851, and begs to invite co-operation in an undertaking of such obvious international benefit and advantage. He will be happy to receive communications from parties distinct the year 1851, and begs to invite co-operation in an undertaking of such obvious international benefit and advantage. He will be particulars respecting an intended exhibition of the works of industry of such obvious international benefit and advantage. He THE WORLD'S FAIR.

office.

June 15, 1850

H. NUTT
June 15, 1850

At 1-3t

TAXES:—TAXES:

NOTICE is hereby given to the inhabitants of New Hanover County that I have received from the Clerk of the County Court the list of taxable property for the year 1849, and hold the same ready for their inspection. And I hereby request them if they know of any lands, polls, or other taxable property not given in, to give me information thereof. I further say to all persons to call and pay your Taxes, and to those who are in arrears for back Taxes to call and pay them, without delay, if they wish to save costs.

OWEN FENNELL, Sheriff.

Wilmington, N. C., June 7, 1850

39-6t

Wilmington, N. C., June 7, 1850

We have the said Company at Chapel Hill on the 5th and 6th days of June 1850, it was accretained, from additional returns made by the local Commissioners preferred and company: and the first instalment, of five dollars per share, on the said sum of one million of dollars, to wit: the sum of fifty thousand dollars, having been received by the Treasurer of this Board, the said Commissioners preferred and certified duplicate declarations of the foregoing facts, with the names of the said sum of one million of dollars, to wit: the sum of fifty thousand dollars, having been received by the Treasurer of this Board, the said Commissioners preferred and certified duplicate declarations of the foregoing facts, with the names of the said sum of one million of dollars, to wit: the sum of fifty thousand dollars, having been received by the Treasurer of this Board, the said Commissioners preferred and certified duplicate declarations of the foregoing facts, with the names of the said commissioners preferred and certified duplicate declarations of the foregoing facts, with the names of the said sum of one million of dollars, to wit: the sum of fifty thousand dollars, having been received by the Treasurer of this Board, the said Commissioners preferred and certified aduplicate declarations of the foregoing facts, with the names of the said Commissioners p

Wilmington, N. C., June 7, 1850

39-6t

18,000 ACRES TURPENTINE LAND FOR SALE.

POR SALE, 18,000 acres PINE LAND, adapted to the gian, near Burnt Fort, on the St. Illa River, a large stream navigable for brigs of a large class. These Lands will be sold cheap. For a more particular description, and terms, apply to

May 22.—[40-1m]

1 Hayne st., Charleston, S. C.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

1 Hyll L be let out to the lowest bidder, on the 13th day of WILL be let out to the lowest bidder, on the 13th day of July next, (at Newkirk's Bridge,) the building of a Bridge across Black River at that place. The Bridge to be person or by proxy. person or by proxy.

And this Board stands adjourned to the time and place Hon. E. W. M. KING, Professor of Theory and Practice of

test aforesaid.
(Signed) WILLIAM C. MEANS, of Concord.

JOHN B. LORD, of Salisbury. RICHARD WASHINGTON, of Waynesboro' HENRY B. ELLIOTT, of Randolph. JAMES M. LEACH, of Lexington. JAMES M. LEACH, of Lexington.
JOHN M. MOREHEAD, of Greensboro'.
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, of Hillsboro'.
NATHAN A. STEDMAN, of Pittsboro'.
LEMUEL P. HARGRAVE, of Lexington.
fr. reg.1 41-3t

Canc Scat Chairs and Rockers Repaired.

A LSO, all descriptions of Cabinet Furniture manufactured or repaired, at the Rock Spring Furniture Warehouse.

J. D. LOVE.

36-tf

Real Estate For Sale or Rent.

way, but a notorious keeper of a house or prostuctually been allowed to erect a branch of her establishment directly in front of my Dweling, which leaves me no alternative but to abandon my home and property; or submit to the indignity which I conceive has been offered to myself and neighborhood, as no steps have been taken to prevent the erection of this notorious branch house of prostitution.

June 28th, 1850

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

FUHAT desirable residence on Market street continued.

Messrs. Barnes and Daniel would call upon their friends in Messrs. Barnes and

settle forthwith, or he will be under the necessity of placing them in the hands of an officer.

N. B.—The Store occupied by him is for rent for the balance of the year. For terms, &c., apply at the Store of Carrent & Fenness is a double kitchen, and a good well of water. The Lot is 165 by 66 feet, fronting on Boundary Street, between Dock and Orange Streets, and addious the residence of Water.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ALSO.

A variety of Riding Vehicles and Harness of all kinds, made in the neatest manner, and which will be sold low. Persons wishing to procure articles in this line, would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as 1 am determined not to be undersold.

ISAAC WELLS.

Wilmington, N. C., May 3, 1850

34-tf

SULKY and Harness for sale. Apply at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

To store: -4.000 bushels Turks Island Salt;
700 sacks Salt;
For sale by
June 7, 1850

NILES COSTIN
39-t

Lime, Lime, 500 barrels Lincolnville White Lump. Also, Calcined Plaster, Plastering Hair, Fire Brick, and Hydraulic Cement; 1,000 bbls. Lime, &c. For sale by J. C. & R. B. WOOD, Contractors and Builders.

BUGGY and Sulky.—We have just received from Dunlap & Co., 1 handsome light Buggy; 1 do. light Sulky.
For sale cheap, by HOWARD & PEDEN OFFEE, Coffee. 10 bags Rio Coffee, extra;
5 bags Laguyra Coffee. Low for cash, at
June 28] GEO. H. KELLEY'S

SMOKING Tobacco.—25,000 papers of that choice Smoking Tobacco, at 37½ cents per dozen.

For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

PHALON'S Improved Magle Hair Dye.—A new and extraordinary discovery, (being a liquid dye,) to color the hair or whiskers the moment it is applied, without injury to the hair or skin. It can be washed immediately, without disturbing the color, and has no bad oder. It may be applied regardless of the weather, rain or shine. For sale by May 31]

J. S. WILLIAMS.

Look Here.—As it is now warm weather and our arti-less are in more demand than at any other season, you will please remember that at this Fruit Depôt, we keep a large stock of Lemons, Oranges, Confectionary, Segars, &c. &c., which can be had low, for cash, of June 28th 1850

J. WILKINSON & CO.

CARTHAGE

MALE AND FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THE regular course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the First of November, and continue until the last of February. The Anatomical Department will be open and ready to receive students by the First of October. The Medical Department will be under the direction of the following

Z. FREEMAN, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
H. J. HULCE, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine BYRD POWELL, M. D., Professor of Physiology, Pathology, Mineralogy and Geology. KING, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence.

MILTON SANDERS, M. D., Professor of Chemistry

and Pharmacy.

A. WILSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

GLINIQUE LECTURERS.

Medicine—Prof. H. J. HULCE.

Medicine—Prof. H. J. HULCE.
Surgery—Prof. R. S. NEWTON.
Z. FREEMAN, M. D., Anatomical Demonstrator.
The fees for a full course of lectures amount to \$105.
Each Professor's Ticket, \$15. Matriculator's, \$5. Demonstrator's Fee, \$10. Graduation, \$20.
Those desiring further information will please address their letters (post paid) to the Dean; and students arriving in the city will please call on him at the Commercial Hotel.
R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Dean of the Faculty.

TERMS-\$50 per Session. All communications pertaining to this department must be addressed to E. W. M. KING, Esq.

To the Ladies of Wilmington and vicinity—I would most respectfully call your attention to my spring and Summer Goods, now opening, comprising all the styles of Millinery Goods, which will be disposed of at prices as low as at any other establishment in town.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The sale of Rent.

The second session of this Academy will commence on the light spring and James Daniel, have convinced themselves so far of the practicability of supporting a good School, when under the situated on North Front street, near the Rail Road. Also several parts of lots near the Dwelling. practicability of supporting a good School, when under the management of judicious instructors, that they have engaged a young lady of superior classical acquirements to assist Mr. Robinson, under whose management, as Principal, tuition several parts of lots near the Dwelling.

I should not offer to dispose of the above Property in any way, but a notorious keeper of a house of prostitution has been allowed to erect a branch of her establishment directly as usual.

Messrs. Barnes and Daniel would call upon their friends in the surrounding counties to come forward and support their efforts to carry the means of instruction to the doors of the humblest of our citizens.

humblest of our citizens.

With regard to health, the locality is not surpassed in any part of the State—the neighborhood is highly respectable, and board can be had on very moderate terms.

As citizens of the old North State, every individual is bound to support its name, as well as its claims, in this great confederacy of the Union. The humblest of our citizens may, like Benjamin Franklin, be yet ranked among the noblest of our race, and as we are not aware of how or where the scion may be found amongst us, let us philanthropically lay the may be found amongst us, let us philanthropically lay the means of education upon the broad basis of "goodly numbers at low rates," and make sure of imparting the elements of sound useful intellectual culture.

We conclude the above appeal to the honor, patriotism, and philanthropy of our fellow-citizens of the surrounding counties, hoping that it may not be ineffectual, as its object is the sincere wish and of

BUNYAN BARNES, JAMES DANIEL, Wayne county, N. C., April 6, 1850

Chairmen Board of Trustees.
31-tf

MAY 25th, NEW NOVELS.

JUST Received at the Wilmington Book Store.

Eva St. Clair, by G. P. R. James; his last and best.

The Petrel, or Love on the Ocean, a Tale of the Sea, by The Subscriber offers for sale his Lot and the Buildings thereon, situated on Market Street, about three hundred yards above the Episcopal Church, and now occupied as a Carriage Manufactory. The Lot is large, and the Buildings can be conveniently converted into large and comfortable dwellings.

ALSO.

The Petrel, or Love on the Ocean, a Tale of the Sea, by Admiral Fisher has proved by this tale that he can use his pen with no contemptible skill. The Mysteries of the Three Cities, Boston, Now York, and Philadelphia.

A true History of Men's Hearts and Habits, by J. H. Du-

Oh, tell me what is woman's love That still it will burn on? And every hope is gone! It slumbers like Volcanic fire While all is ice above—

Consuming, still unseen, the heart—
Ch, this is woman's love.—The Plot.

Wilfred Montressor, or the Secret Order of the Seven, a tomance of Life in New York; 2 volumes. A decepty inter-

seting work.

Second volume of The Bronze Statue, or The Virgin's Kiss.
The Adventures of Tom Stapleton; a very humorous and laughable work.

Maud Lilly, or The Gipsey's Vengeance, 2 volumes.
Rose Foster, or The Mysteries of the Court of London, 1st olume.

The Students of Paris, a Romance of the Seventeenth Century, by A. Smith, author of Christopher Tadpole; full of fun. The most laughable book of the age, Dr. Valentine and Yankee Hill's Metamorphoses, being the second series of Dr. Valentine's Comic Lectures, with characters given by the late Yankee Hill.

late Yankee Hill.

Indiana, by George Sand, author of Consuelo.

Sam Slick's Letters, or Life in a Steamer.

The Fear of the World, or Living for Appearances, by Brothers Mayhew, author of The Magic of Kindness.

Antonina, or The Fall of Rome, a Romance of the Fifth Century, by W. Wilkie Collins. A most extraordinary novel, full of life, and power, and heauty. The style is exquisite, and the story deeply interesting.

The Maid of Orleans, full of interest and attraction. "An orphic song indeed."

Night and Morning, by Bulwer.
The Lady of the Bed Chamber, by Mrs. A. Crawford
Courtship and Wedlock, by the author of the Jilt; full of

Mercantile.

THIS day received and for sale—
10 bbls Flour, fine and super.;
200 pair Shoes, assorted;
3 bbls Apple Vinegar;
A fine lot of Domestics. CRAI

cial use. Wilmington, April 19, 1850 COTTON YARNS! COTTON YARNS! TWINE! DATTLE & CO., Rocky Mount, N. C., are now manufacturing, of good quality, the above articles, which they are desirous of disposing of, as far as possible, in North Carolina. Their terms shall be exceedingly liberal.

March S, 1850

26-12m

Law.

JOHN DELAFIELD, Esq., Professor of Commercial Jurisbakery.

Son Biscuit.—20 Boxes Soda Biscuit, fresh from the bakery.

PERRIN & HARTSFIELD OUR MOTTO IS "TO PLEASE,"

Wilmington Saddle, Harness,
TRUNK MANUFACTORY. The Faculties, for intellectual abilities, moral worth and professional acquirements, will compare favorably with the most distinguished in our country. The medical faculty constitutes an anomaly in this or any other country—all of them are able lecturers and the best of teachers.

Those who will contemplate our geographical position, and the extent of our population, can have no doubt as to the cligibility of our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to health, including all seasons of the year, we deny that Axy of the City Has MORE.

The facilities of the Law and Medical Departments of this Institute were small, but the gentlemen composing them are talented and in the highest degree respectable—a favorable omen for the future prosperity of the Institute.

That INDIA MANUFACTORY.

The Faculties, for intellectual abilities, moral worth and professional acquirements, will compare favorable on the stable and most improsite the eastern of our population, can have no doubt as to the cligibility of our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to health, including all seasons of the year, we deny that Axy of the Law and Medical Departments of this Institute were small, but the gentlemen composing them are talented and in the highest degree respectable—a favorable ones for the future prosperity of the Institute.

That the public may be satisfied of the permanency of this school, we feel it our duty to state, that the Trustees and Morkmanship.

The subscriber respectfully informs a variety and most improve style, and is constantly manufacturing, at his store on Saddles, Bridles in the above line. The above line is the above line and the above in the basiness, beginn and the testent of the above line. The above is the above line and the above in the above line. The above is the above line and the will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may favorable our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to be fell the will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may favorable our situation for an en

want or not, as I take pieasure ...
all who may favor me with a call.

Harness and Coach Trimmings sold at a fair price to persons buying to manufacture.

Also, Whips at wholesale.
All kinds of Riding Vehicles bought and sold on commissions.

JOHN J. CONOLEY.

40

Lanar Caustic—pioe;
Denarcotized Opium;
Citric Acid: I gro Citric Acid: I es. Pul. Rhubarb, East Indoor do: Turkey;
Copaiva Capsules:
Pro 250
Pilis, sugar conted;
Pilis, sugar conted;
Pro 250
Pilis, sugar conted;
Pro 250
Pilis, sugar conted;

Hotels, &c. Washington and Lafayette Hotel.

THE subscriber having taken the Washington Hotel in connection with the Lafayette House, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that the two Houses are open, under the name and style of the Washington and Lapayette Hotel, which is under his immediate superinten-

FAYETTE HOTEL, which is under his immediate superintendence, and now ready for the reception of transient or steady Boarders.

The Hotel has been throughly cleansed, and supplied with new bedding and furniture of every description. He has also obtained the services of good and faithful servants; and he flatters himself that he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may patronize the House, as no pains will be spared on his part to make his guests both comfortable and contented. His Table will be found bountifully furnished with the best the market affords; and his Bar supplied with the best of Liquors.

DAVID THALLY.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 12, 18495.

Rock Spring Hotel.

ALFRED ALDERMAN respectfully informs his old friends and customers that he still continues to keep open the Rock Spring Hotel, and solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage he has heretofore received.

Sept. 28, 1849.

3-tf

THE subscriber, having rented the Hotel formerly kept by Capt. A. Wade, on the N. E. corner of Front and Market Streets, known as the London House, respectfully Market Streets, known as the London House, respectfully informs the citizens of Wilmington, and all others desirous of obtaining Board, that he has provided the House with new furniture of every description, and that he is prepared to receive Boarders by the day, week or month, on the most reasonable terms. All the bed rooms are so constructed as to have them warmed to suit the comfort of all persons. His Table shall always be provided with the very best our market can afford, and no pains or expense will be spared to make his customers perfectly satisfied.

onable terms.

have them warmed to suit the the the ble chall always be provided with the can afford, and no pains or expense will be spared to make the strangers will please enquire for the London House.

He has also rented the STABLES recently occupied by Mr. W. T. J. Vann, near the Carolina Hotel, where he is prepared to take Horses at Livery, and have them properly and carefully attended to. He has also a large LOT adjoining the Stables, for the accommodation of Drovers.

Oct. 19, 1849

Oct. 19, 1849

Get

JAMES PETTEWAY.

Oct. 19, 1849

Get

W. A. BREWSTER, M. D.

West Killingty, Ct., Sept. 28, 1848.

W. A. BREWSTER, M. D.

West Killingty, Ct., Sept. 28, 1848.

Is central, in the immediate vicinity of the most important public Institutions—the best and most fashionable places of business—and the attractive public squares of the city. In the important requisites of light and ventilation, two principal objects aimed at in the recent enlargement and thorough improvement of this House, it is not exceeded, perhaps, by any establishment in America. To strangers, therefore, its position is peculiarly desirable.

The subscriber returns thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage they have extended to him, and assures them that he will endeavor to merit a continuance of their favors.

A. F. GLASS.

43"No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted. Drugs, Medicines, &c.

25 cents per square for each insertion.

SARATOGA Water.—28 doz. Congress Spring Water, just received direct from Saratoga, warranted fresh: for WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist & Chemist.

Do. do. 3 months, without change, 3

Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside charged 371 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

Any advertisement upon which the number of insertions is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged

A liberal discount will be made on advertisements oxceeding one square, when published 6 or 12 months, CASH IN ADVANCE.

Market Market Commissioners of the North Carolina Rail, and Market Commissioners of the North Carolina Rail, and Market Commissioners of the North Carolina Rail, road, herely announcer of the Standard, since the Standard, sinc

AT J. M. ROBINSON'S

WHOLESALE HARDWARE STORE.
In Front St., 3d door North of Market, Wilmington, N. C.,
COUNTRY DEALERS and consumers will
find all goods in his line at the lowest prices, and warranted of the best quality. He has all kinds of materials for builders. Carpenters' Tools, a complete assortment, and of the very best quality. Blacksmiths' Tools, including some superior Bellows, Stocks and Dies; Bar and Hoop Iron, in all its varieties; Nails, Spikes, Brads, Tacks, &c. Splendid Pock et Cutlery; Table Cutlery, including ivory sets, complete shot Guns, Riffes, Pistols, including Allen's celebrated six barrel Revolvers, Gun Locks, Nepples, Wrenches, Wipers, Caps, Flints, &c. All of the most useful articles for Housekeepers, amongst which will be found some of the good old fashioned Pots, Spiders, Ovens, Griddles, Skillets, large Wash Kettles, and extra Oven Lids. Large Coldrons, some holding sixty gallons. Some superior Needles, manufactured expressly for Tailor's Trimmers and Points. Superior Scissors, for Ladies; also, some extra Needles, for their especial use.

Wilmington, North Carolina, there Physicians, country Merchants, and all others, who desire to consult their own interest, can purchase the best Drugs and Medlelues, and extra Needles, for Spilladelphia, and every other article usually kept in a Drug Handshiphia, and every other article usually kept in a Drug dat perhaps any other house in the State.

The subscribers would be g to remind those Physicians who patronized the late Wm. Snaw, that they can still be supplied with everything of the best quality, and on the most reason-amongst which will be found some of the good old fashioned Pots, Spiders, Ovens, Griddles, Skillets, large Wash Kettles, and extra Oven Lids. Large Coldrons, some holding sixty gallons. Some superior Needles, manufactured expressly for Tailor's Trimmers and Points. Superior Scissors, for Ladies; also, some extra Needles, for their especial use.

Wilmington, April 19, 1850 utes' time. In the operation they are the most agreeable Pills ever invented; acting upon the stomach and bowels, and bringing the liver to its proper functions, they cannot fail to restore the system health, strength and vigor. Call and got a box at Shaw's Drug Store, 3d door north of Hart & Potsey's.

SHAW & BROTHER.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 4th, 1850.—117-tf.

> NEW DRUG AND MEDICINE STORE. THE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the inhabitants of Wilmington and the surrounding country, to his large and carefully selected stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Putty, Dyo Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, &c., consisting of the following, together with a great many other articles not usually kept in Drug Stores:

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 4th, 1850.—[17-tf.

to order.

In addition to the above, the subscriber always keeps on hand a large supply of String Leather, and has now, and will keep through the season, a good assortment of Fly Nets.

want or not, as I take pleasure in showing my assortment to all who may favor me with a call. Oil of Ergot; Oil of Neroli; Do: Cedrat; Krossote I gross Scidlitz Powders;

[dia: 5 do: Soda do: ast In-Mustard, English and Ameri-Copaiva Capsules;
Pills, sugar conted;
Pills, sugar conted;
Thompson's Eye Water.
ALSO.
3,000 lbs. pure White Lead;
2,500 do: extra do:
2,000 do: No. 1 extra do:
300 do: Venitian red, in oil: Correct.

For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS. WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION This truly valuable Remedy for all diseases of the Lungs and Throat, has become the chief reliance of the afflicted, as

CHERRY PECTORAL

t is the most certain cure known for the above complaints. While it is a powerful remedial agent in the most desperate and almost hopeless cases of Consumption, it is also, in diminished doses, one of the mildest and most agreeable family medicines for common coughs and colds. Read below tho

respect their opinions.

From Professor Hitchcock.

James C. Ayer—Sir: I have used your CHERRY PEC TORAL in my own case of deep-seated Bronchitis, and am satisfied from its chemical constitution that it is an admirable compound for the relief of laryngial and broachial difficulties. If my opinion as to its superior character can be of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you think proper.

EDWARD HITCHCOCK, LL. D.,

President of Amherst College

W. A. BREWSTER, M. D.

West Killingly, Ct., Sept. 28, 1848.

This may certify that I was afflicted with a very severecough in the winter of '47-'8, which threatened to terminate
in Consumption. I had tried many medicines in vain, and
was cured by the use of "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral."

CATHERINE K. CADY,

Direct Evidence.

Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell—Dear Sir: Feeling under obligations to you for the restoration of my health, I send you a report of my case, which you are at liberty to publish for the benefit of others. Last autumn I took a bad cold, accompanied by a severe cough, and made use of many medicines without obtaining relief. I was obliged to give up business, frequently raised blood, and could get no sleep at night. A friend gave me a bottle of your Cherry Process. the use of which I immediately commenced, according to directions. I have just purchased the fifth bottle, and am nearly recovered. I now sleep well, my cough has ceased, and all by the use of your valuable medicine.

E. A. STONE, A. M.

Principal Mt. Hope Seminary.

From Dr. Bryant, Druggist and Postmaster, Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts: Direct Evidence.

The Lady of the Hed Chamber, by MIS. A. Obstain and Court of participand Wedlock, by the author of the Jill; full of beauty and truth.

The Crook, or The Seige of New Orleans, an Historical mance, founded on the events of 1814-15.

Jicelia, or The Hangarian Maid.

The Shipwrecked Gold Seckers, or The Child of the Islands. Moneypenny, or The Heart of the World, a romance of the Morey of Jenny Lind, by G. G. Foster.

Having completed my new Livery Stables, I am now ready to receive Horses at livery, by the day; the Jenny Lind, by G. G. Foster.

History of the Strange Sounds and Rappings heard in Rochester and Wastern New York, and usually called the Mystables are situated on the corner of Princess and Third; the streets, directly opposite the Court-House, and very convening the form the spirit would, together with all explanation; that can as yet be given.

New Edvery Stables.—Fire_Proof.

Have in the William of Princess and Third; the streets, directly opposite the Court-House, and very convening the through the streets of the business part of the town. They are built of brick, and covered with tim, which makes them entirely princes and Third; they are large, commodious, and well constructed; and in every response as comfortable and commontation of Drovers, a large and to the business part of the town. They are built of brick, and covered with tim, which makes them entirely princes and Third week, or much the surface of the murder of Dr. George Parkman at Boston.

It is to be principal that the principal history of the murder of Dr. George Parkman at Boston.

It is to be surfaced by the season of the control of the surfaced by the season of the control of the surfaced by the season of the surfaced by the season of the control of the surfaced by the season of the surfaced by the season of the surfaced by the season of the surfaced by the su

Democratic Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR, COL. DAVID S. REID, of Rockingham NEW-HANOVER COUNTY-FOR THE SENATE, NICHOLAS N. NIXON, Esq.

FOR THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, JOHN D. POWERS. WILLIAM HILL.

In order to give our workmen an opportunity to indulge their patriotic feeling, by participating in the celebration of the glorious Fourth, we have anticipated the usual day of publication. We presume the arrangement will be satisfactory to our patrons. of the Democrats of Gomorah. All hands about the Journal Office are very patriotic. This Day,

In the year 1776, the representatives of the United States of America assembled in Congress in the old Internal Improvements, and Free Suffrage. State House of Philadelphia, and from the steps of that venerable pile proclaimed to the world that " these united Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and Independent States." The traveller who visits the old Hall of Independence, finds but a plain and almost unfurnished room, with a wooden statue of Washington, a table and a few chairs as its only ornaments. Two or three engravings hang upon its naked walls, and a plain carpet covers the floor .-Perhaps the room is as nearly as may be in the state in which the revolution left it. There is nothing to recall the solemn scenes of which it was the theatre -no inscription to record the names-no monument to perpetuate the features of the actors in the great drama of our independence. Turning away with a feeling of regret at this apparent indifference, the the question. visitor ascends the steps of the steeple, about mid way of which hangs the old bell, whose silvery tones er and the offices the leading topics of discussion in the last first proclaimed freedom to the nation, and higher up he looks out from the balcony upon the splendid panorama of a vast and flourishing city of 400,000 inhabitants, with their hopes and fears,-their joys and sorrows: animated by a thousand conflicting passions, and entertaining a thousand diversities of opinion, yet all uniting to revere the memory of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, and to do homage to the sentiments of that immortal document: and then he realizes that the patriot's noblest monument is the prosperity of his country, the most enduring inscription is that engraved upon the hearts of his countrymen. Brass or marble, silver or gold. shrink into contempt and insignificance when compared with a monument whose extent is commensurate with the American Continent-with an inscription whose lines are engraved in characters of living fire upon the hearts of twenty millions of American

And upon this day, hallowed by such associations -associations not only of liberty, but of Unionwhen the delegates of these United States pledged to each other their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor, is there one man, calling himself an A- ject into execution. Can't help himself. merican citizen, who could desire to see that Union dissolved—that bond that unites us severed, and its golden links broken? There can be no such traitor. The words of the orator and of the reader must recall to mind those trying times, when the North and the South struggled and triumphed in a common cause,-when the blood of the Rhode Islander and the South Carolinian moistened the same sod, and both felt that in Union was their only hope of success. The teachings of patriotism and of wisdom will alike convince us that our happiness as individuals, and our greatness as a nation are inseperably entwined with the preservation of our glorious Confederacy. May we not hope that the feelings natural to the day, will tend to calm the fury of fanaticism, and assuage the bitterness of sectional animosity we may not only do honor to the past, but renew our

vows for the future upon the alter of our common

Federal Respect for the Democratic People.

members of Congress to office. We have never been among the number of those 52d.-They said they would retrench and diminish execuwho have denounced Gen. Taylor simply on account tive patronage. of removals from office. Under ordinary circumstan-53d.—But they increased the number of officers at the New ces, we see nothing wrong in the affair. A Chief York Custom House. MEM-Secretary MEREDITH has in-

Magistrate has a perfect right to choose his own sub- creased them a great deal further. ordinates, and, as party men, we cheerfully submit 54th.—The expenses of collecting the revenue increased unjected to and denounced the course of Gen. TAYLOR EDITH was to demand an increase upon the highest amount required by any of his Democratic predecessors. 55th.—Talketh about Democratic proscription, &c., forget-

rice of the executive officers to four or six years. 50th.-But backed out and run again.

ting Gen. TAYLOR. 56th.-Saith that this proscription was carried out by

57th.—Complains that Democrats only were appointed a the Generals of the Mexican War. (We had thought that SCOTT and TAYLOR were Whigs.) 58th.—Blames the Democrats for not liking Gen. TAYLOR's

59th.-Democratic ingratitude and Buena Vista.

61st.-Gen. TAYLOR stands now as he did at Buena Vista :

63d.—Slavery question must be settled. 64th .- Whigs are the fellows to do it. (Query: The Pre-

65th.—Bury animosities, and hook arms. 66th.-Hurrah!

S. Reid, the Democratic candidate, as we notice the Let us be on our guard against the wiles of the ene-

Sodom, with other puerile and impertinent trash not letters, from well-informed gentlemen, residing in certain works of Internal Improvement authorized by for my consideration would have been of a far different charnecessary to mention. It was this contempt for the three different Counties in the West, all assuring us the last Legislature; and in every case he has suc- acter, and my action upon it must have corresponded with people, openly exhibited, which rendered Gov. Man- that Col. Reid will receive considerably more than ceeded in awakening ill-feelings and opposition. In my convictions. Ly so unpopular in all the counties which he can- his party vote in their respective Counties. A friend, regard to the Fayetteville Plank Road, nothing could vassed during the last campaign. His manner said lately from Washington, Beaufort County, says that have been more unfortunate than his interference in have been more unfortu vassed during the last campaign. His manner said lately from washington, beautiff country, only that section, pervades all behalf of the upper route, against the wishes of a excite sectional divisions and jealousies; to alienate the people of the federal casionally slip into the more honest of the federal confession of Professor Webster—Parkman Killed, but didate by the grace of God, not by the will of the classes, and, to some extent, both parties. Our friends great majority of the individual Stockholders. In ple of different portions of the Union from each other; and to prints.—[Allentown (Pa.) Democrat. people. He talked and acted more as the messenger throughout the State look to the Cape Fear District that case Governor Manux, holding the power of the endanger the existence of the Union itself?" of the Raleigh clique, deputed to enlighten their ig- for a large increase upon the vote cast for Col. REID State, cast it in opposition to the whole community. norance, than as a man soliciting the suffrages of a two years since. We solemnly believe that this Dis
In the case of the Salisbury and Western Turnpike, yet publish the whole of that admirable message ending 5th May, and the four months ending at the and Council, confessing that he killed Dr. Parkman, free people; and we have not a doubt that had he trict alone, could, by polling every Democratic vote, he has been even more unfortunate; so much so, in- from which this extract is taken. It will be then and Col. Reip had time to canvass the whole State, give sufficient accession to the Democratic strength deed, that some of the papers, and several of the leadin the consumption of Coffee, whilst, however, the it is said, does not give the details of the fatal transthe Democratic candidate would have been elected to counterbalance the meagre majority by which ing Whigs of that section refuse to support him, subject is. We do not expect fairness from our poby at least two thousand majority. It is probable Mr. Manly was elected two years since. An intel-choosing rather to go for Mr. Reid. To destroy Whig litical opponents, but really we think this miserable the importation of the last recorded month was 4.- on Tuesday next.—Tel. Cor. Balt. Sun. that his tactics may be changed in the present cam- ligent and reliable friend in Cumberland County has power, it is only necessary for them to be placed in humbug is unworthy their boasted intelligence, and paign, but the feeling will remain. Indeed, his nom- assured us that the home of Dobbin will roll up all a position to exert it, and they soon render them- an insult to the common sense of their readers. But ination was an insult to the Whig people of the State, when whom Gov Maxix forced himself in opposite very first triumph. Then relly and the day is overally and the day is ov upon whom Gov. Manly forced himself, in opposi- ocratic triumph. Then rally, and the day is ours! are glad to get rid of them. Such is the case with not Whig Editors try to convert the Missouri Comtion to the unmistakeable symptoms of public opin- We do hope that no honorable effort will be spared TAYLOR and MANLY—the two objects of Whig lau- promise into the Wilmot Proviso? ion. He had not the delicacy to decline, and the to bring every man to the polls. Let us impress up- dation at the present time. They have both ruined usages of the party enabled the clique again to sadusages of the party enabled the clique again to sad-dle him on the party. It would be for the interests and Legislature, but that without it we cannot. Our and honor of the State, and even of the Whig party, opponents are frightened for their supremacy, and to repudiate the dictation of this arrogant faction, will leave no stone unturned—no artifice not resorted and assert their independence, by going for David to—to defeat our candidate. Stale slanders will be trumped up, and thrice-exploded humbugs revivified.

Rutherford Banner avows its intention to do. and its my. example, we believe, will be followed by thousands Are our friends in the Seventh District aware of the fact that if this District had done as well for it will hardly be necessary to publish the proceedings Col. Reid, in the last Governor's election, as some of this primary meeting, further than to state that Ministry have been defeated upon the Greek question tor, will make an excursion to Smithville to-day, and other Districts did, he would have been elected ? It eight delegates were appointed. from thence will proceed out to Blackfish Ground, if is a fact that his vote was near about four hundred desired. Fare for the trip, \$1. It will, no doubt, be less than that given for Mr. Polk in 1844. Had our son or persons, to the editor unknown, for a copy of didate in the Gubernatorial Chair.

A Voice from the Mountains-More Whig Unanimity. Gov. Manly's Speech Condensed by Paragraphs. ed in '48 against his will.

2d.—Being a private man, didn't like it.

Clique wouldn't let him. Happy to be nominated again.

6th.-Whigs can elect their Governor, and ought to be

9th.-Whigs of the Centre, capital fellows-seven of them

enough to save the loco foco town of Sodom, to say nothing

PATRONAGE

12th.—But first proposes to allude to popular Educat

EDUCATION OF THE PEOPLE.

13th.-Says that education is a good thing, (who der

15th.—This good is to be attained by Common Schools

14th.—Better than brick and mortar, or east iron, or even

16th.—Our system is bad and the management worser. More

17th.—Goes tooth and toe-nail for Internal Improvements.

FREE SUFFRAGE.

21st.—Campaign of '48 conducted upon national politics.

22d .- Are you a Whig ?- are you a Democrat? That was

23d.—Opposition—Polx on the Mexican war, the veto pow-

24th.—Democratic Convention of '48 said nothing about

26 .- But the Democratic candidate took his stand in its

27th.-Thought the convention of '36 had settled every

28th.—Thought Free Suffrage a humbug from Washing-

29th .- Not thinking it popular, tried to break it up for

the benefit of the Whig party. Called it a loco foco humbug.

30th.-When Free Suffrage failed, Cass couldn't come it.

31st .- The Whigs wouldn't have any thing to do with it.

32d.—They (the Whigs) were willing to go for universal

33d.—Governor's election got nothing to do with the ques

34th.—It can't be made a test question, unless parties:

37th.—If the people want a change, we must let them have

39th .- Thinks the people may be trusted to decide the mat-

ter for themselves. At any rate the Constitution gives them

40th.—In this view of the case, i. e. that it is popular, will

41st.—But thinks they ought to combine together to whip

43d.-Will defend the South when its rights are invaded.

gree to disagree upon it. The people's got the power.

35th.-Constitutional changes very solemn things.

36th.-The Legislature are the fellows to go to.

20th.-Misunderstood upon the question of Free Suffrage.

19th .- But still we mustn't go it too strong.

Wants to explain. Pretty hard work.

25th.-And it didn't seem popular

suffrage upon the white population basis.

t. 'Cause we can't stop 'em.

ville Convention.

South have been invaded.

47th.-What are they ?

about the ship of State.

trenchment.

38th.-Guess they do want a change.

recommend measures to test the popular voice.

thing. Believes it ought.

on, and thinks so still.

11th.—Talks to Whigs, and proposes to glorificate.

10th.—Did the best he could with the official patronage.

people meant " no offence."

him like bricks.

cious prints.

Californy dust."

money wanted.

the more money

ree Suffrage.

ridiculous if they don't.

The following truthful and independent remarks, we take from the Mountain Banner of the 25th June. 3d.—But still went it strong, and came mighty nigh being The Banner is the organ of the Whige of Rutherford following: beat. Felt bad about it first, but finally concluded that the and the surrounding counties of that district, whose 4th.—Blundered and got into hot water. Caught it all sentiments we feel certain it faithfully reflects. round from both parties. Would have backed out, but There can be no manner of doubt that the nomination of Gov. Manly is in opposition to the wishes and feelings of a large proportion of his own party, 5th -Accepts the nomination, and hopes they'll stick to and was only brought about by his own pertinacious 7th.—Has been objected to on account of "Central Influ-8th.—A mistake, as see Raleigh Register and other vera-nor:

From the Rutherfordton Banner, (Whig,) 25th ult. Governor's Election.

years past controlled the Whig party of this State, and divided amongst its members the various offices of the State, were determined to place Gov. Manly the Committee. On the contrary, however, such is step as necessary to maintain their ascendency. If they had yielded to the expressed wishes of the party, conveyed to them from all parts of the State—except the centre, in a manner not to be mistaken—have only to quote Mr. Clay, the great advocate of day of rule would have been over. The government draws: of the Whig party would have passed to the people—the voters, and the consequence of the Clique—the RIGHTEOUS CLIQUE, impiously said by his Excellency, of the five subjects which agiin that extraordinary harangue read by him to the Whig Convention, to be holy enough to have saved 18th.-Our being poor, is the reason why we should spend Whig Convention, to be holy enough to have been gone for-the locofoco city of Sodom, would have been gone for-as a State. Heproposeshon-intervention gain Leen forced upon the party. They have been warned again and again. They have been told that the Whigs in the strong Whig districts would not unite upon him. They have been entreated to give us a candidate upon whom we could rally the people. They told us no. We are to say whom you shall support. We will select the candidate from a the treaty of Hidalgo; fail ple. They told us no. We are to say whom you shall support. We will select the candidate from a mongst ourselves, and if you do not support him, we will brand you as deserters—we will denounce you as mean, selfish demagogues. We will bring the whole force of the party against you and destroy your influence—your usefulness. We know to what we are exposing ourselves—we know that the dogs of the party will be let loose whom what we are party will be let loose whom who was mean, selfish demagogues. We know to what we are exposing ourselves—we know that the dogs of the party will be let loose whom whom we are institute; and leave New Mexparty will be let loose upon us that we shall be hun- ico under the military governted down. But we shall not be deterred from the ment of a licutenant col performance of our duty. We have fought and suffered in the Whig cause; we have, and shall continue to support Whig principles, but we cannot, will expose the people who inhabit performance of our duty. We have fought and suf-NOT support Gov. MANLY. And we are proud to say ened, with Texas. us. It is for their good we are laboring, it is for their rights we are contending. If any truth has been clearly demonstrated, it is that no man who loves his country better than his parts. country better than his party, can vote for Gov. MANLY.

And we do not intend to pursue a middle course Ve conceive it to be our duty to exercise our privileges as freemen under the Constitution, We dislike to vote for a Democrat—one who differs from us on questions of Federal policy. But with questions of that kind the Governor of North Carolina has nothing to do. There are questions of State Policy—los ing to do. There are questions of State Policy—lo-cal questions if you please, upon which we have tried in the District—his plan settles Gov. Manly. He cannot be trusted again. Self in- but one, leaving the other four terest, self respect forbids it. Every thing we hold unadjusted, to inflame and exsacred calls upon us to maintain our own rights, and fear, more tha that right. Will condescend to carry any laws upon the sub- to break up the miserable faction, which setting like an incubus upon the Whig party, has been a curse to the whole State. Gov. Manual is the representation of California alone, will contend with new horses. tive, or the tool of that faction, and to him we prefer David S. Reid, and we shall accordingly give cation of the Wilmot Proviso faction; and the whole coun-

our humble support to the Hon. David S. Reid for the office of Governor of North Carolina.

Gov. Manly's Speech.

Gov. Manly's Speech. 42d.—Becometh ironical, and talks about Whig honesty and economy, and seemeth oblivious of the Galphin and other This is a very strange document. It is said that fraudulent claims. Furthermore he denounceth the Nasht was read to the Convention. The Governor knew that the Convention, although in the language of the Greensboro' Patriot, there might be some doubt on 44th.-But until that time, will keep dark. The inference their first assemblage as to the propriety of re-nomi nating him, would be drilled into submission, and he is, that Gov. MANLY does not think that the rights of the therefore prepared his speech. It is a poor, tame, and spiritless affair. It recommends no principle, of policy, what may we not expect from that party. 45th.—Praises the Union, and quotes Longfellow's poem advocates no measures, points at no line of policy, as proper either in National or State affairs. It deals 46th.-And prayeth against dissolution. MEM-Saith noin general denunciation of the Democrats, laudation thing about tariffs, &c , which used to be Whig principles. 49th.—Gen. JACKSON went for restricting the term of serwould not fit, he ought to have published one that 51st.—They said they wouldn't, and then they did appoint If his speech is the evidence upon which he founds his opinion, we think no one will concur with him. Low must the Whig party have sunk in North Caro-It proposes nothing, it opposes nothing. It is wholly unworthy of the Whig party. It is in bad taste, and

> Rutherfordton Banner, (whig,) 25th ult. Whig Fallures.

even unworthy of Gov. MANLY.

It is a very remarkable fact how uniformly the thing like administrative talent, when placed in positions which call for its exercise. In every such case, they act in a manner to excite dissatisfaction and 60th.—Gen Taylor got 8,000 majority in North Carolina, distrust, even in the members of their own party. and he's "some." CHARLEY MANLY didn't, and is some-er. Of this fact, no other instances need be given than those of Gen. TAYLOR and Gov. MANLY. To say that Gen. TAYLOR and his Cabinet have failed to give sat-62d.—The Whig party should congratulate themselves, and isfaction to any party, is only to repeat a truism which all must acknowledge. Every independent line. Its southern boundary is the parallel of 42, leaving the Whig journal in the South condemns the course of intermediate distance to be three hundred and thirty geo the Cabinet. Gov. Manly's is even a stronger in- graphical miles. stance. It is very seldom indeed, that the office of Governor of N. Carolina is more than a mere sinecure, but sistent with the terms of the Missouri compromise, if extendit has so happened, that Gov. Manly has been called felt at liberty to withhold my sanction. Had it embraced We are to-day (Wednesday) in the receipt of three upon to act in behalf of the State in connection with territories south of that compromise, the question presented themselves, and puffing can't save them.

We have received from the Chairman and of the County Convention is already past, we presume tation.

We are indebted to the courtesy of some perother towns in this State.

Consistency. Among the resolutions adopted by the late Whig Convention which nominated Gov. Manly, are the

5. Resolved, That we approve, and believe a large majority of the people of North Carolina do approve, the general plan of the Adjustment reported to the Senate of the United States from the Committee of Thirteen; and desire that, with such amendments as our friends in Congress may deem necessary, just, and proper, it should be adopted, and become the law of the land.

the law of the land.
6. Resolved, That our confidence in the ability, integrity, and patriotism of the President of the United States, Gen'l ZACHARY TAYLOR, is undiminished; and we feel conadherence, and the dictation of the Sodom-saving Clique at Raleigh. We would also call attention to the remarks upon the "able" speech of the Governor:

ZACHARY TAYLOR, is undiminished; and we feel convinced that, regardless of the abuse, misrepresentation, and the remarks upon the "able" speech of the Governor:

adherence, and the dictation of the Sodom-saving Called that, regardless of the abuse, misrepresentation, and the remarks upon the "able" speech of the Governor that the salways been, a true friend to his country; that he will do his duty, and his whole duty, to that country; and that his course in the administration of the Government will be con-

It will be seen from this that our Whig friends pledge themselves to the compromise, and then en-We announced in our last number, the fact that Gov. Manly had been nominated for re-election. dorse the gourse of Gen. Taylor as "conservative This result we had long anticipated. We have been and patriotic." One would think, to read this, that long convinced that the Clique, which has for some there was some sort of coincidence between the plan before the people again, because they regarded that not the case, but they are actually opposed to each if they had given way to their importunities their the Compromise. Here is the contrast which he

That of the Committee a

so proposes the admission of California as a State.

They also propose non-itervention as to slavery.

They propose action and intervention, by the estab-lishment of civil government

for the territories, in confo

mity with treaty and consti-tutional obligations; to give

which will make the recover

They propose to adjust all

They offer the olive branch

Under their plan, all ques-

tions being settled in a spirit of mutual concession and com-

there undisturbed.

, fair, and hor

The Committee's plan re commends an amicable set ment of all five of them.

it to civil wer, already threat- ed.

and Texas.

of fugitives more effectual, and at the same time, it is believed, will be generally satisfactory to the North. of the subject of slavery or the the slave slave trade in the District of trict, and trict, and to leave slavery Thus, of the five subjects of disturbance and agitation—to

unadjusted, to inflame and ex- of peace, harmony and tran-asperate the public mind, I quility. Under his plan, one party,

mission of California alone, will contend with new hopes greater lengths than have been

If this is not "riding both sides of the sapling," we would like to know what is. When, at the dictation of party leaders, a Whig State Convention can tation of party leaders, a Whig State Convention can be made to endorse two different and opposing lines Warrington, will be sent out to assume the command

The Wilmot Proviso Slander against Col. Reid. of the Whigs, and has a very pretty eulogy on Tay- ral press, is that he voted for the Oregon bill with long to the United States. good poetry in the Wilmot Proviso in it. Now this is simply untrue. school-boy days is turned into original prose. It is not in concord with the resolutions of the Conven- Oregon bill at all upon its final passage. Secondly, tion. Surely he ought to have contended for the that bill did not contain the Wilmot Proviso, as any anxiety in regard to Mr. Paine's great discovery for suspension of the Bridge upon its abutments. When platform of the Convention. If his prepared speech man who knows what that proviso is must be aware. would not fit, he ought to have published one that would fit. The whole speech is a school-boy affair, and is just like the efforts his Excellency no doubt heard at Chapel Hill the week before. The Raleigh territories not then in our possession—to the territories not th who did vote for that bill, and the Democratic Presilina. when such a speech is put forth as a manifesto dent who sanctioned it, did so under the conviction to the fortune of the war. But we have always ob- der Democratic rule. MEM—The first act of Secretary MER- of their principles. There is nothing tangible in it. that it did not contravene an arrangement already entered into and assented to by the South; that is, many of the expressions are low and vulgar. It is the Missouri Compromise. It is well known, and unworthy of one who is Governor of the State—it is since his death has been demonstrated, that the late the fact that it was virtually in accordance with the leaders of the Whig party have failed to display any Missouri Compromise, and that to veto it would be perhaps, disturb the harmony of the country. It is also well known that Mr. Polk accompanied his signature of that bill by a message setting forth his reafollowing extract:

"The territory of Oregon lies far north of thirty-six degrees thirty minutes, the Missouri and Texas compromise

"And it is because the provisions of this bill are not income ed from the Rio Grande to the Pacific ocean, that I have not

"Ought we now to disturb the Missouri and Texas con

Perhaps before this brief canvass is over, we may

FOREIGN NEWS-ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC .-- The American Steamship Pacific arrived at Halifax on the 29th ult., in nine days and a half from Liverpool. Secretaries the proceedings of a meeting held on the Her news, which is up to the 19th ult., has been sent second Saturday in June, in the southwestern Dis- on by telegraph, but is not of much importance. trict of Onslow county, for the purpose of appointing The commercial news is favorable. Cotton is firm, delegates to the County Convention, held in Jackson-with full sales. Prices of flour well maintained, with for this decrease in the consumption of Coffee. ville on the 1st instant. As the day for the holding an advance in corn. Provisions dull at previous quo-

and their resignation is hourly expected.

We learn that the Spanish steamer Guadalfriends in this section known their strength in 1848, the Eighth Annual Register of the College of St. quiver, which arrived at New Orleans from Havana Mr. Rein, and not Mr. Manly, would now be Gov- James, Maryland. It is an Episcopal institution, un- recently, for the purpose of going into the Chagres ernor of North Carolina. Let us, then, rally and der the control of the Bishop and Convention of Ma. trade, took fire on the 24th ult. The cabin furniture make the effort now which was wanting then. Noth- ryland. On the list of students, we notice the names was degroyed, and the machinery much injured .-ing but a vigorous effort is required to place our can- of several young gentlemen from Wilmington and The loss is estimated at about \$20,000. She is said to belong to Queen Christina of Spain.

Order of Arrangements for the Celebration in Wil-

The day will be opened by the ringing of Bells and display of Flags from all public places and Shipping.

13 Guns at Sunrise, 30 at 12 M., 1 at Sunset. At 8 o'clock A. M., a procession will be formed, the right resting on Second Street, in Market, and proceed down Market to Front, thence up Front to he Methodist E. Church, where the Mecklenburg Declaration will be read by Robt. H. Cowan, Esq., the National Declaration of Independence by Robt. Strange, Jr., Esq., and an Oration delivered by Geo. V. Strong, Esq. ORDER OF PROCESSION.

Music.
Clarendon Horse Guards;
Officers of the Militia;
Field Officers 30th Regiment; Staff Officers 3d Brigade; Staff Officers 6th Division; Hook and Ladder Company;
Officers and Members of the Fire Department; Thallian Association Clergy; Soldiers of the Revolution;

Magistrate of Police, and Commissioners of Wilmington;
Commissioners of Navigation;
Officers of the General Government; Foreign Consuls; Masters of Vessels; Teachers of Schools;

Citizens and Strangers;
ROBT. G. RANKIN, C. M. WM. C. HOWARD, As't. M.

15th May, 1850, and also for a copy of the San Frana full history of the facts relating thereto. We learn ly burned.

Democratic State Committee. Under the order of the late Democratic State Conention, the following gentlemen have been appointed a Democratic State Committee for North Caroli-

Dr. Josiah O. Watson, of Johnston, W. W. Avery, Esq., of Burke, Robert G. A. Love, Esq., of Haywood, Col. George Bower, of Ashe, Dr. E. W. Brown, of Rowan, R. P. Waring, Esq., of Mecklenburg, Col. Samuel J. Person, of Moore, George D. Boyd, Esq., of Rockingham, Hon. John Hill, of Stokes, Cad. Jones, Jr., Esq., of Orange, Samuel P. Hill, Esq., of Caswell, Wm. F. Dancy, Esq., of Edgecombe, Gen. L. H. Marsteller, of New Hanover, Jesse G. Shepherd, of Cumberland, Gen. William A. Blount, of Beaufort, George S. Stevenson, Esq., of Craven, Hon. Asa Biggs, of Martin, J. T. Granberry, Esq., of Perquimans.

OUR GOVERNMENT AND SPAIN .- Positive Demand for the Prisoners, &c.-A special dispatch from ced Gen. Taylor in the Presidential chair; and let it Washington to the Philadelphia North American,

dated on Friday, says: "Authentic advices, of the latest dates from Cuba are not of a satisfactory character. Gen. Campbell had not received an official copy of Mr. Clayton's as their votes would decide to-day, by giving the instructions of the 1st of June, but was in possession of a copy sent by telegraph to Mobile, which was imperfect. Upon this unofficial copy and others in the newspapers, he had made a request for the release of the Contoy prisoners, which has not been Congress will be unable to accomplish anything du-

"Unless an arrival should, within a few days. pring news of a change of purpose on the part of the party—now only a sensible minority, according to Captain General, after the receipt and presentation by General Campbell of his official dispatches, the resident will make a postive demand for their liberation. The Vixen is now being fitted out for the

"The President will not permit New Mexico to The Wilmot Proviso Slander against Col. Reid.

One of the charges against Col. Reid, by the Fede
be overrun or taken possession of by Texas until the Macon (Ga.) Journal:

Monte

ments found, against the Cuban expeditionists in New York, as against those of New Orleans." PAINE'S GAS EXPLODED .- The long and painful

lamented Polk had prepared a message vetoing this visitors have, heretofore, been deceived. They will corporeally, for the day was hot, and he is any thing Oregon bill, but was induced to suppress it, upon the furnish a full account of the exhibition in a day or else than a 'lean and hungry Cassius,') and I beremonstrances of his friends, who urged upon him two, and "explode" this humbug, which has excited lieve there were few who doubted that he would essuch a large share of public attention." From the above, we should judge that the process by which the "trick" was accomplished, is very very high towards the middle, would come down and to disregard the sanction of that arrangement, and, nearly as described by Prof. Grant in the extract cause very amusing exhibitions of ground and lofty which we gave from him in an article on the subject tumbling by the darkies, scrambling out of the way. in last Saturday's Sun, that is, by the wires which | When the supports had been reduced to quite a small Mr. Paine pretended were simply conductors of electricity, being, in reality, perforated tubes for gas aldrawn down, one after another, till the Bridge was

> therefrom. - Vive la bagatelle. - Balt. Sun. LACKAWANA IRON WORKS.—The New York Tribune

promises? Ought we at this late day, in attempting to an- over the country is bewailing the ruinous operation piers for intermediate support."

368,801 lbs. this year, against only 2,027,070 lbs. in the corresponding month last year, being more than same interval in 1849. In the consumption, howev- sage from Utica to Schencetady, with a full passenger er, there is a falling off from 2,970,669 lbs. in the train, on Wendnesday afternoon, in one hour and the first four months in 1849, 12,356,924 lbs. were seventy-eight miles. taken for consumption, and in the present year only Sear of Government of Texas.—The official re-10,087,764 lbs. It is worthy of remark that, of this turns of the vote for establishing the seat of govern-451,212 lbs. to 9.192,357 lbs., whilst the quantity of on the 3d ult. The following is the complete result: foreign Coffee has decreased in the much greater ra- Austin received 7,679 votes; Tahuacana 3,142; tio, from 1.905,712 lbs. to 895,387 lbs. The increas-Huntsville 1.216; Palestine 1.884; and scattering ed use of Chicory, by adulteration, fully accounts 24 making the aggregate vote returned 15,088. Aus-

of a new mode for ventilating ships, invented by the people for the seat of government until Frederick Emerson, of Boston. The Commercial the year 1870.

These ventilators are of two kinds—one of them being an injector and the other an ejector of air. that he will charitably provide for it, and bring it up The office of the former is to keep up a supply of pure atmospheric air, which is introduced at one exremity of the vessel, while the impure air is drawn up at the other by the ejector. The machine is simle in its construction, and appears to be admirably adapted for its intended purpose. It has been applied on board the new steamers Atlantic and Pacific, and its operations have given the highest satisfaction to the commanders of those vessels.

Thirty-Six Thirty. The annexed table will be interesting to those who have not looked at the great national question through the medium of plain facts. At the North we have more than a million of square miles more of territory, above the line of 36 30, than the South .-That fact is worth remembering, when we are invited to adopt abolitionist and cabinet theories:

Total surface of old territory, east of the Rocky Mountains, in square miles 636,438,400 325.520 In acres......Grand total of territories and Texas, in square 208,332,800 2,187,490 miles.....Grand total in acres..... 1,399,997,440 1,642,784 1,051,381,760 Total north of 36 deg. 30 min. in square miles. 545,712 348,615,680 In acres..... LENGTH OF U. S. SEA COAST.

As must have been seen, the Nashville Convention has very conclusively shown that the great principle for which the Southern States mean to contend is the running out to the Pacific the line of 36 30.— Already the promulgation of this demand, as the one upon which the South will concentrate its whole strength, has been effectual in proving the earnest-We are indebted to our esteemed young friend ness of the South upon the great points at issue.— JOHN WALKER, Jr., for a letter dated San Francisco, No political juggle has concocted the principle. It emanates from the souls of Southern freemen, and cisco "Journal of Commerce" of the same date. Accompanying the letter is a lithographic drawing of early it has had its effect upon Congress, now atthe scene of the late great fire, and the paper contains taching vast importance to the movement going on in the Southern States, and which will be aged by liberal and enlightened minds in the Norththat Mr. Fridenburg, formerly of this place, has lost ern States. There is something eminently practical nearly all he possessed, being directly under the building where the fire originated. He escaped, badbuilding where the fire originated. He escaped, badsies it. The commercial men, of which class the mass of population are formed, understand figures, and they prefer to use them on a great national question, rather than to have the country distracted, at some future day, by the involved and possibly im-

practicable schemes founded in mere theory. Besides, all the sensible men of the North coincide with all the South, in the belief that the Southern States are entitled to some advantage, in behalf of their institutions, from the soil derived by hard fighting from Mexico, and which was acquired by the loss of many of the most valuable lives and the blood of the South. It is so palpable a fact, that no man imbued with a sense of justice, can deny that the South are constitutionally, as well as geographically, entitled to maintain their institutions by the exercise of the popular will. Let that will concentrate upon a great principle—such as this Missouri line extended—and the results now beginning to be foreshadowed and felt at Washington, and in other parts of the country, will have a masterly and decisive termination. The intelligent politician will perceive that this principle, once fully settled down upon by the South, will gather strength from its popularity in every quarter, not less from its own merits than from the great revolution that must take place among the political parties of the country.

The inactive party of the United States forms the majority of the people. It was this party that plaonce find a nucleus, such as the great principle of the Nashville Convention establishes, and there w' be an end to old party distinctions. The people will rally for justice, and will decide the slavery question, South that fair answer to its reasonable demands, to

which it is entitled by equity and constitutional law. It is very evident that, from the mixture of personal ambition with the intrigues of the cabinet, ring the present session. It will separate. The Nashville Convention will form a new and very powerful political reckoning-and the great event will be justice to the South, and the harmony of the confedera-

We mentioned vesterday, the completion of a fine bridge on Mr. Remington's plan, at Montgomery, Ala. The following account of it is interesting. is a letter from a practical engineer to the editor of MONTGOMERY, (Ala.,) June 8.

expressed, and which is doubtless shared by many of your fellow-citizens, in the 'Remington Bridge,' has induced me to give you some account of the removal producing light and heat from water, is at length I arrived at the scene of operations this morning at ries to be acquired from Mexico, not to those already interested, met at Worcester a day or two since, to a Bridge over four hundred feet span, was such that belonging to the United States; and thirdly, those examine the apparatus constructed by Mr. Paine, to much time was necessarily consumed in their remoillustrate his alleged discovery of a new method of val, and divers were the speculations of those assemmanufacturing gas. Mr. Paine left town on the ap- bled as regarded the result when the whole structure proach of these gentlemen, but his brother remained should become suspended upon abutments so much to do the honors. They first visited the machine at farther removed from each other than they had ever the Exchange, which remains in the "damaged" seen before. I could not avoid drawing a parallel condition to which we alluded last week. They then between the first trip of Fulton's steamboat, and the adjourned to his house, where the gas is shown burn- scene that was then going on before my eyes. Mr. ing, and succeeded in detecting the trick by which Remington, however, was quite cool, (mentally, not tablish the principle for which he contended.

"As the cutting continued, the props, which were number, a rope was fastened to them and they were sons for so loing. From that message we take the ready manufactured to order, and concealed in a consupported only by the abutments, and by one support denser in the mysterious box which Mr. P. represen- near each end. These latter were then removed, and ted as containing only the magnetic machine and the Bridge assuming its intended curvelinear shape, other secret means by which he decomposed the wa- stood revealed to us a light, graceful and airy structer and produced such an incredible amount of gas ture, and with the longest span of any wooden Bridge in the world. Three hearty cheers were given for Mr. Remington by those who not only rejoiced in says: "The great iron works of the Messrs. Scranthis triumph of his mechanical invention and skill, tons are now making forty tons of railroad iron per but who also admired him for his unostentatious genday, while no other concern in the Union is known to ius and his amiable deportment since he had been be making a solitary rail. This iron is of such ex- living amongst them. Numbers passed over the cellence that the makers sell it easily at seven dol- Bridge, among them two or three on horseback, and lars per ton advance on the price of merchantable in a short time, it will be ready for the constant use of the public. From its cheapness and its admitting Here is another precious acknowledgment of the of such great distances between the supports, this prostration of the iron interests caused by the tariff Bridge will doubtless be very extensively used, espeof 1846! It is not strange that while whigery all cially in bridging rivers where it is difficult to build

not Murdered

THE COFFEE TRADE OF ENGLAND.—The Board of It is stated here, upon the best authority, that Pro-Trade, Tables of Trade and Navigation for the month fessor Webster has written a letter to the Governor same period, have just reached us. The first impor- but that it was not a murder, and praying that his tant object which strikes us, is the continued decline sentence may be commuted. The letter, though long, importations are increasing. We may notice that action. It will probably come up before the Council

GREAT SPEED ON THE UTICA AND SCHENECTADY R one month of 1849, to 2,621,652 in 1850; whilst for forty-three minutes, running time! The distance is

quantity, the deficiency in B. P. Coffee is from 10,- ment of the State of Texas were canvassed at Austin tin having received a majority of 270 votes over all Ship Ventilation.—The New York papers speak other places voted for, is, therefore, the place selec-

"A bachelor in Albany, has about one baby a religiously."

An occasional baby, in the regular honest way, is indoubtedly a desirrble present; but an attack of infantry by platoon upon a poor unprotected bachelor must be appalling to the last degree!

The amount of property lost by the fire in San Francisco was \$5,000,000, instead of \$500,000, as at

in its section.

in saying that he would never make removals on political grounds, and then removing Democrats by the thousand, thus stigmatizing them as personally incompetent or unfaithful. For a long time the farce Jackson, Van Buren, and Polk. was tried to be kept up of asserting that no removals were made upon political grounds, but always for cause: whereas, the only cause which could be assigned was the political faith of the victim. It is a- administration. (If this be a ground of censure, many Whigs gainst this insulting denunciation of all Democrats, are amenable to it.)

as incompetent and unfaithful, that we have waged war, and we have good reason to believe that our sentiments have been shared by thousands of the intelligent and right-minded members of the Whig and cares no more for public opinion than he did for the Mexparty. But this contempt for the Democratic people icans. is not confined to Gen. TAYLOR and his immediate advisers. Nowhere is it felt and exhibited in greater strength than by the "righteous seven"—the immaculate Sodom-saving Raleigh clique-and their sident, or Mr. CLAY ?) tool, Gov. Manly, who, even in a carefully prepared speech ex-cathedra, could not avoid exhibiting his wit, by alluding to a large class of his fellow-citizens as "Locofocos," and as connected with the city of

Excursion .- Capt. Smith, in the steamer Gladiaa very pleasant affair. NATIONAL MONUMENT FUND.—We learn that con

tributions, in aid of the National Monument Fund,

will be solicited to-day, the 4th of July. No Mail north of Weldon yesterday.

"There is one feature in the recent elections which does infinite credit to the liberality, intelligence, and sound sense of the people of Mississippi, and that is, the signal manner in which they have rebuked the attempts of the partisan leaders to bring party to bear in deciding upon the relative merits of candidates for Judicial honors. In the strongest Whig district in the State, a judge of the opposite party has been triumphantly re-elected to an office, whose duties he has long and faithfully discharged; while in another district, the Cass incumbent has been rein another district, the Cass incumbent has been reelected without opposition—a compliment justly due to the impartiality with which he has administered law and justice without fear, favor or affection. In the Northern judicial districts, (strongly Cass,) Judges Miller and Rodgers, (Taylor men.) have been re-elected by large and respectable majorities, althostrong appeals were made to the voters, opposed to them, by some of the leaders of the dominant party, to draw the party line upon the able and accomplished incumbents and to elect to those offices candidates of their own party. Those who doubt the capacity of the people to make proper and judicious selections of judicial functionaries and who imagine a partisan, executive, or legislative caucus, would do things any better, need only look to the able judiciary of Mississippi under the elective system, to be effectually cured of that error." Kentucky Campaign.

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Texas and New Mexice.

ian of the 14th, we copy the following important in- and 1815 with Great Britain; the Indian wars of telligence from Santa Fe. Major Neighbors, as has 1811; the (Florida) Seminolian war of '35-'36, &c.; been announced, has returned to Austin without hav- and the war known as Gen. Wayne's, of 1792 to ing been able to effect the organization of the county 1795, that have not been heretofore provided for." of Santa Fe, in consequence of the interference of the U. S. military authorities stationed there. Here ed by a vote of 115 ayes to 36 nays. is a copy of a proclamation of Col. Monroe, brought by Major Neighbors: Proclamation.

the formation of a State Constitution. and to urge upon Congress the admission of this Territory into the Union as a State; therefore I, John Monroe. Civil and Military Governor of said Territory of New Mexico, do hereby direct that the qualified electors of said Torritory shall accombine to the precision of Major Monroe for an election of delegates was issued, &c.

At 1 o'clock the adjustment bill was again taken up—Mr. Soule's amendment pending.

Mr. Douglas replied to the argument of Mr. Soule of said Torritory shall accombine to the precision of the sauthority under which the precision of Major Monroe for an election of delegates was issued, &c. May next, between the rising and the setting of the bill before the Senate. sun, to vote by ballot for delegates to a convention on motion of Mr. Clay, the Senate agreed to meet to be held at Santa Fe on Monday, the 15th day of hereafter at 11 o'clock, A. M. Executive session. May next, as follows:

For the county of Taos.....3 delegates. Rio Verba..3 Santa Fe...3 San Miguel.3 Santa Anna. 2 Bernilillo ...2 Valencia....5

in their respective counties, and shall appoint three discreet persons as judges of election in the several precints. Otherwise said election shall be conducted in manner and form as prescribed in the laws of the Territory, under the title of "election," except that the prefect's clerk of each county shall, with the votes given to each candidate; shall give a cer- adopted. tificate of election to the person having the largest number of votes, and shall transmit to the Secretary of the Territory a fair abstract of all the votes given.

Mr. Webster addressed the Senate at length in within four days from the day of the election. Given under my hand, at the Government House,

John Monroe, Military and Civil Gov. New Mexico. This proclamation has created intense excitement in Texas, as appears by extracts from some of the journals of that State.

the late difficulty with France, Palmerston was compelled to yield, not so much from dread of Louis Napoleon as from the fact that the autocrat was combined with the French President. We notice, among The question on Mr. Soule's amendment was taken the more important items brought by the Niagara, that the claims of the British Cabinet, for losses suffered by British subjects during the continental troutria. and an insinuation from the Czar that he entirely concurs in the sentiment of the Cabinet of Vienna; and that if British subjects are to make such claims, the Russian dominions will hereafter be shut against them. In this, as in the Greek affair, England, we presume, will yield. With all eastern Euland. land, we presume, will yield. With all eastern Europe against her, and a majority of her own people averse to war, she cannot, for a moment, entertain the thought of asserting her claims by force. Fifty years ago, no power would have dared to address her thus without a declaration of hostilities. Her long struggle with Napoleon, from the re-commencement in insults to her supremacy less marked, as well as less dangerous to her nationality. But times have changed since 1803 for all; and for none more than

for Great Britain. Nations, as well as men, have their infancy, their growth, their manhood, and their decline. We fear that the old age of England is coming on; and we regret it. Though her career has exhibited many aberrations from the cause of justice, she has been, on the whole, the most liberal power in Europe, and her loss of influence, at this critical period, cannot but tell disadvantageously on the hopes of freedom in the Old World. Should treachery, combined with disgust at the broken promises of republicanism, bring about the restoration of the Bourbons in France, there will be no power left, even in western Europe, except England, to make head against despotism; and England's ability will be gone. The future, indeed, looks disastrous. If it were not for our abiding faith in the progress of humanity, we should despair of things abroad; but revolutions, it is said, never go backwards: and Europe, having once had a glimpse Russia, however, is not to be concealed. Nicholas any civil functions, was taken up. is evidently a large gainer by the late revolutions; the only person, in fact, in all Europe, who is. His and Seward, and laid aside. influence is far more extensive than on the day when the throne of Louis Phillippe sunk into the dust, and that influence appears to widen and strengthen with the bill and in favor of the President's plan. He adyears, but one fact is clearly discernable as yet, and proaches Western Europe. Ominous fact! What will the end be !—Philadelphia Eve. Bulletin.

POPULATION OF BOSTON .- The late census of Boston presents some curious results. The whole population is 138,788, of which number 52,961 are from Ireland, 10,359 from other foreign countries, and 2,-112 are blacks. The population of Boston in 1742, when the first census was taken, was 16,382, of which number 1374 were blacks, nearly as many as now. In 1750, a century ago, the slaves in Boston were 989. The whole population in the city. in 1750, was 18,038; in 1800 it was 24,937; in 1820 it was 43,-298; in 1830 it was 61,392; and in 1840 it was 85,- was the Iowa contested election, and that the ques-000. The suburbs of Boston, perhaps, contain as large a population as the city proper. Thousands of gentleman from Illinois, (Mr. Harris,) to lay the large a population as the city proper. persons, doing business in Boston, live at Cambridge, Charlestown, Medford, and other neighboring towns, and the House refused to lay it on the table—yeas repairing to their stores or offices by some one of the 93, nays 103. many railroads which branch out from the city in

PROGRESS OF SOUTHERN FACTORIES.—The progress this country is making in the consumption of cotton appears to be entirely overlooked by the European ry of the treasury, it appears that the number of facsumed in the States of Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina, in the year of 1849, were as fol-

No.	Spindles	. Capital.	Cotton consumed.
Tennessee 30	36,000	\$100,000	12,000 5,500
Alabama80	18,000 51,140	500,600 121,090	27,500
Georgia26 South Carolina16		1,000,000	15,000
-	141.610	1 721 000	30,000
Total	141,040	1,721,000	

country. It is only a short time that we have had cotton manufactured at the South, the business being confined almost wholly to the New England States.

dramatising the recent parade-ground incident between Forrest and Willis, under the title of "Pashes of Pashes at Fashionable Life with the parade of the at Fashionable Life with a Free Cowskin.

Thirty-First Congress-First Session TUESDAY, June 25 .- SENATE.

Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts, presented a memorial from citizens of Worcester, Mass., in favor of a repeal of the tariff of '46. Mr. Davis made a speech in favor of a protective tariff. The memorial was laid on the table.

in proportion to population, than that of any other known country. The memorial was referred to a select committee.

The Senate took up the bill granting to the State of Mississippi the right of way, and a donation of public land, for the purpose of locating and constructing a railroad from Brandon to the eastern border of said State, in the direction of Montgomery, Ala. After a short debate, on motion of Mr. Clay, the bill was laid on the table for the purpose of taking up the compromise bill.

Mr. Soule resumed and concluded the remarks he commenced yesterday, in support of his amendment, (the division of California by the Missouri Compromise line) of the which

mise line;) after which, Mr. Douglas obtained the floor, but yielded to a motion to go into executive session. After a short time so spent, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
On motion of Mr. Cobb, of Alabama, the House went into committee of the whole, on the bill "provi-PROCLAMATION OF COL. MONROE.—From the Civil- ding for the soldiers of the war of 1812, 1813, 1814

Wednesday, June 26.—Senate. Mr. Foote offered a resolution, which was laid o ver, calling on the President for information as to Whereas, the people of New Mexico, by public meetings held in the several counties of this Territory, have expressed a desire to hold a Convention for co; the authority under which the proclamation

of said Territory shall assemble at the precincts of on the subject of public domain, showing that the the respective counties on Monday. the 6th day of rights of the United States are fully protected by the

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Mr. Stanton, of Tennessee, presented a similar resolution to the one presented by Mr. Foote in the Senate, calling on the President for information relative to a convention of the people of New Mexico, &c. Objected to.

The lowa contested election case was taken up.

The prefects shall designate convenient precinets A discussion ensued, which continued until half-past THURSDAY, June 27.—SENATE.
The bill granting lands to the State of Mississippi,

the assistance of the prefect, examine and cast up facts connected with late events in New Mexico, was The adjustment bill was taken up—Mr. Soule's a-

reply to Mr. Soule's arguments. The debate was continued by Messrs. Foote, Barnwell, Butler, and Jefin the city of Santa Fe, this 23d day of April, A. D., ferson Davis, until the Senate adjourned. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Iowa contested election case was taken up, and occupied the whole day's sitting, without coming to any decision on the subject.

FRIDAY, June 28.—SENATE. The Affairs of Europe.

The more closely the present affairs of Europe are studied, the greater appears the influence of Russia as contra-distinguished from that of England. In the late difficulty with France 12 to 12 to 13 to 15 to 1 Mr. Soule reinforced his argument in support of Mr. Webster and Mr. Douglas spoke briefly.

Archives as follows:
Yeas—Mess-s, Atchison, Barnwell, Berrien, Butler, Clemens, Davis, of Miss., Pawson, Downs, Foote, Houston, bles. have been met with a direct refusal from Aus- Hunter, King, Mason, Morton, Rusk, Sebastian, Soule,

Mr. John Davis, of Massachusetts, addressed the Senate at length in opposition to the bill.

Mr. Davis, without concluding, yielded to a moof the war after the peace of Amiens, had its origin ment of the bill. He suggested Wednesday next. Mr. Bell objected. He wished to give his views. He and others would not be able to address the Senate, if so early a day was fixed.

Mr. Yulee laid on the table an amendment to the After an Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The House proceeded to the consideration of the owa contested election case. The discussion was not make it out till the Yankee was out of sight. continued by Messrs. Disney, Thompson, of Pa., Toombs, Van Dyke, McDonald and Strong.

The debate being closed, the Chair stated that the uestion would first be on the resolution of Mr. Van byke to give the seat to the contestant, moved as a substitute for the resolution of the majority of the ommittee of elections, to give it to the democratic member, Mr. Thompson. The question was put and decided in yeas 95, nays

94. The Chair voted in the negative. So the amendment was not agreed to.

SATURDAY, June 29.—SENATE.

The subject was discussed by Messrs. Cass, Pratt,

The adjustment bill was taken up. universal application to new territory. He conten- a variety of necklaces and finger rings. that fact is, that Russia, like a slow avalanche, approaches Western Europe. Ominous fact! What proaches Western Europe. Ominous fact! What ry if not excluded by law. He brought up the Nashmanner, and said that he would take the largest box, alle Convention and Cuba expedition as evidences of demanding the price while pulling out his wallet. seceding sentiment in the South. He argued that

New Mexico ought to be admitted as a State. Mr. Cooper, of Pennsylvania, followed, and replied Mr. Davis. and supported the adjustment bill .-

The Senate spent some time in Executive session,

and then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The Chair stated that the first business in order

The question recurred on the resolution declaring the right of Mr. Thompson, the sitting member, to without a parallel in the annals of the stage: the seat. This question was taken and decided in the negative—yeas 94, nays 102. The free soilers lately stabled himself; in fact, instead of dramatic voted with the whigs to oust Mr. Thompson.

Mr. McGaughey introduced a resolution declaring dealers. From official returns made to the Secreta- that there was a vacancy in this House in the repre- He was a young man, and had heard, that morning, sentation from the first congressional district of Io- of the death of his mother. With Italian passionate tories, spindles, capital and quantity of cotton con- wa, and that the Speaker be directed to inform the ness, giving way to his grief, he felt wholly unequal Governor of Iowa of the fact.

which was the special order for to-day, till Tuesday two weeks.

then adjourned to meet again to-night.

From the Raleigh Register.

The Census.

Ali is Gamblers in San Francisco were burnt out by the ate fire, according to a letter from a clergyman in that city to the Newark Advertiser. The has made the following appointments in the respective counties, of Subordinate Marshals, to assist in taking the 7th Census. We presume that they will commence operations immediately; and it would be stdnoes drawing pay in advance. Before night a commence operations immediately; and it would be well for heads of families to make out their lists and have them in readiness.

Ali is Gamblers in San Francisco were burnt out by the ate fire, according to a letter from a clergyman in that city to the Newark Advertiser. The same writer says, during the fire carts and teams was ordered:

That no further permission be granted by this stdnoes drawing pay in advance. Before night a stdnoes drawing pay in advance. Before night a for the extension of wharves, beyond their on the story of the commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage for Cape Fear River, held this day, it is stdnoes drawing pay in advance. Before night a stdnoes drawing pay in advance. Before night a for the extension of wharves, beyond their present limits, on either side of the river.

This order is deemed expedient from the fact that the water directly opposite the Town is already so have them in readiness.

Alamance.—Geo. Hurdle, North Division; S. J.

Turrentine, South Division. Alexander .- J. C. Smith. Anson--James M. Waddill. Ashe-Abraham Bryan. Beaufort-James Williams. Bertie-William J. Cherry. Bladen-Daniel M. Buie. Brunswick-Thomas R. Hall. Buncombe—C. H. McClure. Burke—Samuel McDowell Tate. Cabarrus-John Shinpock. Caldwell-R. C. Miller. Camden-John H. Mitchell. Carteret-Brian Hellen. Caswell-Wm. P. Graves. Catawba—Jesse Gant.

Chatham—Alexander H. Dismukes, Upper Regiment. Lower Regiment-Richard Faucette. Chowan—John A. Benbury. Cleveland—James W. Cabaniss. Columbus-Haynes Lemon. Craven-Wm. H. Marshall.

Cumberland-South Eastern Division, John C. locker. Cumberland-North Western Division, Robert B

Smith. Currituck-Thomas F. Baxter. Cherokee-George W. Hayes.

Duplin-R. B. Morisey and Dixon Mallard. Davie—Burgess Gaither. Edgecombe—Job P. Pitt. Davidson-North Division, Haley Brown. Davidson-South Division, Robert Burns. Franklin-John D. Hawkins, Jr. Forsythe—Philip Kerner. Gates—Cordy Y. Savage. Granville-Prot. E. A. Jones. Greene-Edward Carman. Guilford-South Division, Jesse Wheeler. Guilford-North Division, Archibald Wilson. Gaston—Robert Abernathy.
Halifax—Benjamin W. Edwards.
Haywood—Thaddeus D. Bryson. Hertford-John Van, Jr., and W. S. Daniel. Byde-Daniel Murray. Henderson-John Clayton. Iredell-Thos. L. Tucker. Johnston-Charles W. Lec.

Jones-Roscoe Barrus. Lenoir-Franklin Dibble. Lincoln—Thos. Eccles. Martin-Simon Smithwick. McDowell--Elisha C. Neal. Mecklenburg--Andrew Briard. Montgomery-Calvin W. Wooley. Moore-Norman McCrummen. Macon--Dr. Henry G. Woodfin. Nash-J. W. Taylor. New Hanover-Thos. F. Gause. Northampton-Nicholas Boon. Onslow-B. F. Williams. Orange—Shepperd K. Nash. Pasquotank—William Newbold.

Perquimans-Henry W. Barber. Person-Thomas Glenn. Pitt--John A. Selby. Randalph-South Division, R. H. Brown. Randolph-North Division, John P. H. Russ. Richmond-John M. Dockery. Rowan-E. D. Austen.

Robeson-North Division, Hector Currie. Robeson-South Division, Dan McNeil. Rockingham-Eastern Division, Francis Watkins. Rockingham-Western Division, Miles D. King. Rutherford—William Shipp.
Sampson—North Division, Carlton Hall. Sampson—South Division, Edward Vail. Stokes—Samuel Hughes.
Surry—South of the Yadkin, Ephriam Hoigh.

Surry-North of the Yadkin, Wm. R. Lovell. Stanly—Thomas H. Tomlinson. Tyrrel—Hezekiah Lewis.
Wake—East Division, Henry H. Harriss. Wake-West Division, Stephen Stevenson. City of Raleigh-Wm. H. Hood. Warren-Alex. B. Hawkins. Washington—John B. Gœlet. Wilkes—A. Carmichael. Yanceu-Lorenzo D. Poteet

Union-Russel Rogers. Wataugu-Jonathan Horton. Wayne-North Division, Wm. Hollowell. Wayne-South Division, John Wright. YANKEE LOGIC.—A Yankee went into the bar of

not pay for the shrub. 'Well, I didn't have the shrub, did I you niggar?' said the Yankee, walking Wool, 11 a 12½; White Lead, 2 a 2½. away. The negro scratched his head; he knew there) was something wrong as he had no money, but could

> Capt. Marryat. The "Major."

The resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Cass, for sion that a sum so enormous would buy "everything mos. of liberty, cannot, we firmly believe, yield permanently to tyranny again. The growing influence of law, any military officer of the U.S. from exercising his summons, and handed out a variety of the "low law, any military officer of the U.S. from exercising his summons, and handed out a variety of the "low law, any military officer of the U.S. from exercising his summons, and handed out a variety of the "low law, any military officer of the U.S. from exercising his summons, and handed out a variety of the "low law, any military officer of the U.S. from exercising law, any military

priced," varying from one dollar to fifty. The Major examined the assortment with a critical eye, felt his forty dollars with a grandiloquent air, and ordered something expensive, fancying that

The clerk placed upon a glass case two morocco every year. Out of the agitations of the last three vocated the ordinance of 1787, and insisted upon its covered boxes, which, upon being opened, presented

> "You can," said the clerk with solemnity, "have that box for ten thousand dollars." Internally the Major felt astonished; outside he was cool as a cucumber-the price had gone "over

Without concluding, he gave way to a motion to ad- | his pile," and his expectations, just nine thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars. With a sang froid that sunk into the heart of the clerk, he said:

"Is that the highest priced jewelry you have in your store ?" The clerk said, "It was just then."

"Well," drawled the Major, waving his hand somewhat in the style of Julius Cæsar, "this don't cost enough for me," and with a swing of grandeur he left the store.-N. O. Delta.

ACTING IN EARNEST.—The following incident, which we find related in the Home Journal, is not

semblance, under circumstances which could hardly be thought possible in this country of colder blood. that there was a vacancy in this House in the representation from the first congressional district of Iowa, and that the Speaker be directed to inform the
Governor of Iowa of the fact.

The question was then taken on the resolution of
Mr. McGaughey, and it was adopted—yeas 109,
Mr. P. King moved to postpone the Galphin case,
which was the special order for to-day, till Tuesday
two weeks.

Pending the motion, the House adjourned till MonPending the motion, the House adjourned till Monday.

The members of the House of Representatives,
friendly to the immediate admission of California,
friendly to the immediate.

The caucus was not very large.

They resolved in favor of admitting California, irreThey resolved in favor of admitting California, irreThey resolved in favor of admitting California, irretree was a young into and that the death of his mother. With Italian passionate
of the death of his mother. With Italian passionate
ness, giving way to his grief, he felt wholly unequal
to the performance of the part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensness, giving way to his grief, he felt wholly unequal
to the performance of the part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensseparate of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged that evening—the part of Edgar of Ravensto the performance of the Part for which he was engaged The question was then taken on the resolution of Mr. McGaughey, and it was adopted—yeas 109, wood, in the opera of the Bride of Lammermoor. friendly to the immediate admission of California, with such intensity, the spirit of the departed, and friendly to the immediate satisfies of the House of held a caucus last night in the Hall of the House of held a caucus last night in the Hall of the House of trom the breathlessly-watched actor, and, the next onfined almost wholly to the New England States.

Good Hir.—A theatrical manager of New York is

They resolved in favor of admitting California, irreduced in favor of admitting California, irreduced

INDIANS BURNT ALIVE.—An express came in from Fort Laramie, a few days since, from which we learn that the small pox had gotten among the Sioux In-dians, who, to stop its ravages, had burnt to death a number of those that took the disease. The small Pox was also prevailing in several companies of the emigrants .- Western (Mo.) Reporter, June 8. There are only eleven single men in the Ohio Con-

stitutional Convention, out of 125 members.

A PLANK ROAD LOAD .- A gentleman of this county

by Mr. Samuel E. Johnson, who has executed his contract altogether to the satisfaction of the President and Board of Directors.—Fayetteville Observer. Mr. Truman Smith is confined to his house with a dangerous attack of erysipelas in the head and face. It is feared that the attack will prove fatal.

NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT .- The New York City Police Department is composed of 839 men, at an annual cost of \$412,205. The chief of police gets a salary of \$2600, his clerk \$1,000, each captain \$700, there being 18 of them, 36 assistant captains, \$600 each, and 37 doormen, \$1.25 per day. In answer to a resolution of the Common Council, the Mayor has stated that the services of all these men are absolutely necessary.

VERY QUICK PASSAGE.—The San Francisco "Pa-VERY QUICK PASSAGE.—The San Francisco "Pacific News" of the 7th of May, announces the arrival at that port on the 6th, of the ship Samuel Russell, from New York, after a passage of 109 days. The shortest passage heretofore made to San Francisco, was that of the Grey Eagle, of Philadelphia, which accomblished the trip in 117 days.

There are twelve candidates in the field for the Legislature in Randolph County-ten Whigs and two Democrats. Mr. Brown, the Editor of the Herald, has wishdrawn from the contest; and the Whig leader are making exertions to get up a Country Convention to nominate.

FIGHT BETWEEN THE MORMONS AND INDIANS.—The St. Louis Republican, of the 17th, states that a letter from an authentic source at Salt Lake City, communicates information that, during last winter, a battle took place between the Mormons and the Utah Indians, in which the latter lost forty of their number. This decided victory had an excellent effect upon the Indians, who have since remained very quietly disposed.

A PALPABLE HIT.—The Mobile Tribune thus shows up Northern philanthropy:
,"Wk yesterday showed that the average length of life at lowell, the headquarters of the Cottonocracy, is very short.

"We learn now that there are more 'hums' there than those made by the spinning jennies. It has been said that the great object of fostering these mills was to encourage labor. The Lowell Advertiser, right on the spot, shows how this is done. The policy of the owners of the Lowell factories has been, (says that paper.) to get their work done by the cheapest labor they could find. Acting upon that policy they have introduced foreign laborers to the exclusion of Americans, until the Americans do not number over one-third of the operatives of Lowell.'

In this town, on the 27th ult., by the Rev. H. A. C. WALKER, Rev. JAMES T. MUNDS, of the South Carolina Conference, to Miss A. ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of Mr. JAMES Cassing Y.

In Payetteville, on the 25th ult., Mr. M. McRae, of Robeson, to Miss Isabella McKay.—On the 27th, Mr John Shaw to Miss Harrier N. Davis.

MARRIED,

DIED. In this town, on the 28th ult., of consumption, Mr. Edwin Neff, *ged 39, formerly of Rocky Hill, Conn.

In the town, on the 24th ult., Mary Ann Elizabeth, infant daughter of Mr. C. W. Calhoun.

In Sampson county, on the 25th ult., in the vicinity of Taylor's Bridge, John Johnson, Jr., aged 22 years and 10 days. The disease which terminated in his death, was one of the thost extraordinary cases of intemperance.

In 12 den county, recently, Mrs. Ann Eliza Smith, wife of Mr. John Smith, in her 61st year.

of Mr. John Smith, in her 61st year.
In Halifax county, Mrs. Penelope Day, in her 91st year.

Commercial.

YANKEE LOGIC.—A Yankee went into the bar of an Inn in a country town. 'Pray, what's the price of a pint of shrub?' 'Half a dollar,' was the reply of the man at the bar. 'Well, then give it me.'—
The shrub was pourd out, when the bell rang for the shrub was pourd out, when the bell was pourd out, when the bell rang for the shrub was pourd out, when the bell was pourd out, when the bell rang for the shrub was pourd out, when the bell was pourd out was pourd out. The shrub was pourd out, when the bent range to Cheese, 9 a 11; Copperas, 22 a 0, Canada, dinner. 'Is that your dinner bell?' 'Yes.'—'Well, \$5½; Feathers, 28 a 30; Flaxseed, \$1 25; Green Hides, 3 a 4: dinner. 'Is that your dinner bent: 1 cs. — Well, \$5\frac{1}{2}; Feathers, 25 a 30; Flaxseed, \$1 25; Oreclaim 10cs, when the first part of them, I think I had not better take the shrub, but have some dinner instead.'—This was consented to have some dinner. This was consented to have some dinner. The Washest want in and sat down to his dinner. and when it was over was going out of the door without paying. 'Massa,' said the negro waiter, 12. Bar Lead, 6½ a 7; Molasses, 25 a 30; Cut Nails, 5; you not paid for your dinner.' 'I know that, I took Oats, 40; Linseed Oil, 90e; Brown Sugar, 6 a 9e; Loaf do. the dinner instead of the shrub. But Massa, you 11 a 121; Sack Salt, \$1 50; Alum do. 45 a 50; Shingles, \$2

> NEW YORK--June 29th.-NAVAL STORES-There have Meal without change at wholesale. been sales of 2500 bbls. North County Turpentine at \$2 623 per 280 lbs, confirming the decline; 700 North County Rosin, \$1 20, and 500 Wilmington, \$1 25 per 280 lbs ; 3 a 400 Spir-

CHARLESTON, July 2.—Cotton-There was a good demand for Cotton yesterday, and upwards of 2200 bales changed and provided, inhands The sales as will be seen, have been confined mostly riving Tar—No arrivals. Last sales \$1 20 per bbl. Roto the better qualities, and full prices have been obtained.

The transactions were as follows:—4 at 11; 24 at 11\frac{3}{2}; 46 at No. 1—Small lot (350 bbls.) at 1 cent per lb. Last sales lication of these presents, that any person or persons may No. 3 at 85 cents per bbl. Spirits Turpentine—Sells readily Kell and Destroy the said slave by such means as he or they 11; ; 119 at 11; 29 at 11 13-16; 72 at 11; 432 at 12; 9 at 121; 106 at 121; 209 at 121 80 at 125; 974 at 121; and 102

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA. ARRIVED. ARRIVED.

June 27—Sehr. Middleton, Davis, Hyde county, N. C., to Master; with corn and beans.

28—Brig Jerome, Ford, New York, in ballast, to J. Hathaway & Son.

Swedish Brig Hebe, Nordstrom, New York, in ballast, to

Swedish Brig Heee, Nordstrom, New York, in ballast, to Danish Brig Louise, Peterson, New York, in ballast, to DeRosset & Brown.
Schr. Eureka, Davis, Shallotte, to DeRosset & Brown; with naval stores.
29—Brig Mary Ellen, Morrow, Boston, to W. M. Harriss; with stone for Fort Caswell.

with stone for Fort Caswell.

Schr. Leesburg, Boon, Philadelphia, to DeRosset & Brown; with mdze. to sundry persons.

Steam Propeller Tybee, Hunter, Savannah, in ballast, to Master. Master.

July 1—Schr. Wando, Quaile, Charleston, in ballast, to

Leighton, Chadbourn & Co. CLEARED. CLEARED.

June 27.—Schr. Del Dorte, Stinson, Richmond, Va., by J.
B. Russell; with 70,000 feet lumber.
28.—Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Brewster, New York, by DeRosset & Brown; with 367 bbls. spirits turpentine, 1172 do. rosin, 70 bushels pea nuts, &c. Schr. Volant, Whitehurst, Onslow county, N. C., by De-

Rosset & Brown.
Duten Galliot Vrou Johannah, Vanderborden, Rotterdam, by Del osset & Brown; with timber, plank, pine logs, and

with naval stores, cotton goods, &c.
Shr Matthew Byrd, Smith, Baltimore, by G. Harriss,
8.—Schr. William and John, Vincent, Charleston, S. C.

the water directly opposite the Town is already so compressed as to force much of the current into Brunswick or Belvidera River.

Brunswick or Belvidera River.

The remedy for want of water at some of the wharves the Board believe ought to be overcome by a Drudging Boat, to be put in operation both. a Drudging Boat, to be put in operation by the wharf

owners, or by a joint Stock Company.
N. McLAURIN, Clerk. CURIOUS EPITAPH.—Dickens, in his "Household Benton, N Bell, J P Bell, J P Bell, W S Words," gives the following as a literal transcript of an inscription on a tombstone in a churchyard in brought to market a few days ago, in his wagon, one hundred and five bushels of corn. The wagon was drawn by four mnles, but the load might as well have been drawn by two.

By the way, we learn that the Bridge across Little have been drawn by two.

By the way, we learn that the Bridge across Little
River, at Murchison's Factory, which has been completed, is an admirable structure, of great strength.

Heaven." cousin to Lady Jones; and of such is the kingdom of Euckman, G E

Wholesale Prices Current.

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1860.

WILMINGTON, N. C	., 4	HURSDAT, JULY 3,	10	×00.	
BACON, per pound.	1	NAVAL STORES,	_		
Hams, \$ 8 a \$	81	Turpentine, per bbl.	25	0 11	8.
Middlings, 6 a	74	Yellow Dip,		1	90
Shoulders, 6 a	65	*Virgin Dip, 2 40	a.	• •	• •
Hog round, 7 a	7 5 6 5		i.	• •	• •
Western, 6 a	65		a	: •	
BEANS, per bush.	70		a.	1	00
White, 65 a BEESWAX,	70	Kosin, No.1, prib	a a	0	1
Perpound 18 a	20		a. B.		85
Per pound, 18 a BUTTER,	-0	Sp'ts Turp., per			
Per pound20 a	22		a		23
Per pound, 20 a BEEF, per bbl. N. Mess, 12 50 a 14			a		22
N. Mess, 12 50 a 14	00	OIL, per gallon.			
Do. Prime, 7 00 a 9 BEEF CATTLE,	00	Sperm, 1 00	a	1	40
BEEF CATTLE,	1	Sperm, 1 00 Linseed, N C80	a		85
	50	Neats Foot,00	a	0	00
CORN,		PEAS, per bushel.	_		on
Per bushel,68 a	75		a	U	00 65
Meal, bush.,70 a	80	Black Eye,	a		65 70
COFFÉE, per lb.	11	Cow,	a		•0
Rio, st. Domingo, . 91 a	10	PORK, per barrel. Nor. Mess, Do. Prime,10 50	n	13	00
Laguyra,11 a	113	Do. Prime 10 50		iï	
Cuba, 00 a	00	Fresh, per lb 0	8.	••	o
Iava	14	Fresh, per lb 0 POTATOES.	_		-
CANDLES, per lb.		Irish, bbl0 00	a	0	00
Tallow, 121 a	16	Sweet, bush 75	a		85
Sperm,40 a	50	POULTRY.			
Adamantine30 a	32	Chickens, live, . 121	a		20
EGGS, per doz., 12½ a FEATHERS,	16	Do. dead, .00	\mathbf{a}		00
FEATHERS,		Turkeys, live,	\mathbf{a}		
Per pound,00 a FLOUR, per barrel.	35	Do. dead,	a		
FLOUR, per barrel.	00	RICE, per 100 lbs.			
Canal,7 00 a 8	00	Clean, cask, 3 25	h	•	00
Fayetteville, 5 75 a 6	25	Rough, bush.,.00	a		00
Fayetteville, 5 75 a 6 HAY, per 100 lbs. North River, a	85	SAI-T, per bushel. Turks Island00	а		20
Eastern, a	00	Liv'l sook 05	a	1	10
IRON, per lb.,43 a	51	SOAP per lb 4	a	•	6
LARD, per lb.	- 2	SOAP, per lb.,4 SHINGLES, per M			•
LARD, per lb. No. Carolina, 7 a	8	Country,	a		
Western, 6 a	7	Contract, 0 00	n	3	00
Western,65 a LIME, per barrel.		STEEL, per lb., 12	\mathbf{a}		25
Thomastown, a .		STEEL, per lb., 12 STAVES, per M.			
LUMBER, River, per M.		W. O. barrel,			
Floor. B'ds, a 11	00	rough,Q0 00	n.		75
	00	Ash Head'g	\mathbf{a}	8	00
	• • •	R. O. hhd.,		00	00
LIQUORS, per gallon. N. E. Rum,30 a	34	dressed,00 00		00	
Cin 20 a	34	Do. rough, 0 00	il	00	UU
Whiskey, rec a	94	SUGAR, per pound. New Orleans, 53	a		$6\frac{1}{2}$
Whiskey, rec a Do. N.O. do28 a	30	Porto Rico, 61	a		7
Do. Old Nick, 00 a	75	St. Croix 7	a		83
Apple Brandy, 35 a	45	Loaf103	a		11
Peach do00 a	90	Loaf,104 TIMBER, per M.	_		
MOLASSES, per gall.		Shipping	a		
West Indies,19 a	20	Mill, prime, .6 00	\mathbf{a}		75
New Orleans, .00 a	00	Do ord'y, 4 00	\mathbf{a}	5	5 0
MACKEREL, per bbl.		Do. inf'r,	\mathbf{a}		• •
No. 1,0 00 a 0	00	TALLOW,			
MACKEREL, per bbl. No. 1,0 00 a 0 No. 2,0 00 a 0		Per pound, 7	а		8
Ne. 3,7 00 a 7 MULLETS,	5 0	WINES, per gallon.	_		00
Per barrel4 00 a 4	5 0	Madeira,70	a		00
37 4 77 (1 11 4	5	Port, 1 25 Malaga, 40	a a	-	60
NAILS, perib.,4 a		40	a		00

Note.-River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, are always NOTE.—River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, are always sold in the water, and are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on Lumber, 80 cents to \$1 per M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10 cents per barrel. *For dry Virgin or mixed Turpentine, a deduction is made according to quality.

TO NEW YORK. Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, \$ 35 a \$... Spirits Turpentine, ... do. ... 00 a 55 Rice, per 100 pounds, gross ... 00 a 12½ Cotton, per bale, ... a 75 Cotton goods and yarns, per bale, ... 40 a 50 Flaxseed, per cask, ... 00 a 90 Ground Peas, per bushel, ... a Lumber, per M. ... 400 a 5 00 TO PHILADELPHIA. Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, ... 00 a 35 TUrpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, ...00 a 35 Spirits Turpentine, ...do ...00 a 55 Ground Peas, per bushel, ... a Lumber, per M. ... 4 00 a 5 00 Cotton goods and yarns, per cubic foot, ...6 a 0 TO BOSTON. Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 40 a 45

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET, FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 3, 1850

BACON-N. C. Bacon still continues plenty, and no change n prices. Prime hams sell readily at highest figure. BEEF CATTLE. - The market is bare of prime beef cattle. Corn.-A cargo of 1500 bushels of corn from Hyde county, sold at 68 cents per bushel; subsequently found to be damaged, and re-sold at 55 cents. A lot of 75 or 100 bushels per Railroad sold at 75c. per bushel. The article is still scarce.

FLOUR .- Stock of Fayetteville Flour considerably reduced but no change in price. LUMBER.-One raft of mixed flooring and wide boards, not

and our lowest figure for virgin, except one lot, a superior article from first years boxes (from Beaufort, S. C.,) which brought \$2 80 per bbl. of 280 lbs. We quote yellow dip at turn home to his said master: and we do hereby, by virtue at 23 cents per gallon—barrels \$1 75 not returnable. Town distillers are asking 1 cent advance, and refuse 23 cents.—

The sales have been about 200 bbls. since our last report.

The sales have been about 200 bbls. since our last report. PEAS-No arrival since last report, except in the small way per Railroad.

RICE-No recent transactions. Last sale at \$3 50 per 100

SHINGLES-None in market, and some enquiry for them. STAVES-A small parcel of White Oak Bbl. Staves and Ash Heading sold at \$12 75 for the Staves, and \$8 per M for the Heading. TIMBER.—The stock has been considerably reduced in con-

sequence of the few arrivals for some time past; and the sales since last report have been light. See table for rates.

Freights—Have ruled with last week's figures, which we ontinue, but they are not brisk at these rates.

NOTICE. HAVE been appointed to receive the Tax lists for the District of Wilmington, and will attend to the same during the last twenty working days of July. i can be found at L. N. Barlow's store.

July 2, 1850.—[43-1m] D. A. LAMONT, J. P.

WHEREAS my wife ELIZA has left my bed and board, without any provocation or without my permission; this is to forewarn all persons from crediting or trading with her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting. I also forewarn all persons from harboring her, under the penalty of the law.

PETER ROBESON.

June 17th, 1850

43-7t* ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having qualified as Administrator to the estate of WM. VENTERS, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately; and all persons baving claims against said estate will present them within the time limited by law, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

GEO. J. WARD, Adm'r.

Jacksonville, Onslow co., N. C., July 5, 1850

43-3t

LAW SCHOOL AT HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

THE undersigned have formed as association, with the view of opening a LAW SCHOOL in the town of Hillsboro'. Young gentlemen will be instructed in the various departments of the Law, and care will be taken to prepare them for the practice in the several Courts in this State.

The School will be opened for the admission of Students on Monday, the 24th instant.

J. I. RAILEY, F. NASH.

Hillsboro' Inne 13th, 1850 [fidem] 43.4t

Hillsboro', June 13th, 1850 [hdem]

Bitner, Anthony

Buzzard, J D Beaufort, William Buckley, W M

Caminec, James Cambell, J V Carlisle, J

Carfoot, John

Clifford, HE

Cox, Josiah Colson, Sam'l

Coyle, Lawrence

Copes, G W Crocket, E Croan, John Crabtree, R H

Curtis, G A Currie, J K Davis, John J

for advertised Letters.
Addams, J A
Adlen, Rebecca A
Armstrong, A W
Benson, Elijah
Benton, N
Benl, J P
Bell, J P
Bell, W S
Bitner, James
Hankins, William
Hase, Thomas
Hall, J N
Benl, W S
Bitner, James
Parker, James
Parker, James
Parker, James
Porter, Elisha
Porter, C H
Harrell, E J
Bitner, Anthony
Harris, James Porter, C H Porter, H F Proctor, David Harriss, James Harriss, Susan A Hart, Mary Henry, Charles Raymond, O B Richards, Joseph Roberson, J H Hewington & Co Herring, Nancy L Hines, Ann Rogers, J B Roberts, Emily Iolt, J S Junt, James C 2 ludson, Martha A Russell, mrs A ludson, Martha Samson, Caroli Samson, Caroline Skipper, A M lames, Francis conings, Francis A cones, B A

Skipper, Epcul Skipper, Susan A Somerville, A J Jacobs, Allen Somerville, A J Smith, capt Thos Smith, James Smith, John Cooper Joice, Hannah Johnson, Mary E Joyner, Caroline King, D D King, D D

King, Thomas B

Lanar, J J

Larkins, George

Langdon, Rev W J

Leighton, E D

King, Thomas B

Taylor, A D

Taylor, Dr B

Thompson, Julius

Thomas, Sarah

Titcomb, E eighton, E D Titus, M Tierney, Thomas Teitgen, H C Litchfield, W L

Lockhart, A Davis, John J Davis, John Lockhart, A Derickson, J II Love, A D Dundanson, Walter? Millis, J C Morgan, Arthur Emanuel & Daniel, Murphey, Joseph Encampment, Grind Murrell, A Z R W Morgan, Arthur Mury, John Evons, Sugan Turner, W Walker, mrs H C Watters, Mary Walton, J W Duncanson, Walter?
Ector. Alexander
Emanuel & Daniel
Eneampment, Gr'nd
R W
Evans, Susan
Fletcher, J B
Frank & Co
Floster, T Y
Gilbert. J W
Gilpin, R B
Gogarty, Thomas
[43-3t]

Millis, J C
Walton, J W
Walton, J W
Watkins, J H
Walts, John
Whitly, Owen
Whitchurst, J B
Walton, J W
Walt

WARREN, N. C.,
White Sulphur and Chaipbeate Springs.
THE Proprietor of this establishment has the satisfaction
of anneuncing to the public, that since the last season be
has greatly enlarged and improved his buildings, so as to be
able to accommodate a much larger number, and to offer still greater attractions to those who may visit
This Pleasant and Healthful Resort.

This Pleasant and Healthful Resort.

No trouble or expense will be spared to render his patrons comfortable and satisfied.

THE MEDICAL PROPERTIES of the Sulphur water have been amply tested during the last nine years by a large number of visitors, and its beneficial results strikingly displayed in the cure or relief of DYS-PEPSIA. AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER, JAUNDICE, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, &c.

Another Spring has been discovered in the vicinity of the establishment, an accurate scientific analysis of which (given below) proves that it is a valuable Chalybeate. It is a mild and gentle tonic, and in the opinion of the physicians who below) proves that it is a valuable Chatybeade. It is a mild and gentle tonic, and in the opinion of the physicians who have examined it, and witnessed its effects in some cases during the two last seasons, must prove beneficial in Atonic Dyspepsia, Chlorosis, Uterine, Nervous and Neuralgic Affections connected with Debility; and of especial service to persons living in malarious regions of country, whose blood has been robbed of its normal portion of iron by repeated attacks of malarial fevers.

tacks of malarial fevers.

A FINE BAND OF MUSIC will be in attendance during the season.

**Tersons travelling on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad will always find a back ready for their accommodation at Henderson and at the Warrenton Depot. There will be a

daily mall from Warrenton to the Springs.
CHARGES:

 Families per week
 6 00

 Families per day
 1 00

 Single person per month
 20 00

 Single person per week
 7 50

 Single person per day
 1 25

 Children and servants half price
 1 26

 Children and servants half price.
 10 00

 Horses per month.
 10 00

 Horses per week.
 3 00

 Horses per day.
 75

 July 1, 1850.
 WM. D. JONES.

ANALYSIS Of Mineral Water from the Springs near Warrenton, North Carolina. WHITE SULPHUR SPRING. Specific gravity, 1000.1, Reaction Acid.

Gascous Contents. Sulphuretted Hydrogen and Carbonic Sulphate of Magnesia, Solid Contents. Carbonate of Magnesia, Lime. With a trace of Potash, Soda and Silicia Total Solid Contents, in 7000 grains of the water, 1.26=One grain and 26 100ths, viz:

Magnesia 0.14
Salts of Lime 0.8 Silicie Acid......0.28 Potash, a trace. Soda, a trace. CHALYBEATE SPRINGS. Reaction Acid. Specific gravity, 1000.8.

Gaseous Contents-Carbonic Acid. Carbonate of the Protoxide of Iron,
Solicates of Lime and Iron, Solid Contents. Bicarbonate of Lime, With traces of Soda and Potash. Each Pint of the Water contains: Oxide of Iron.....0.49 Potash, a trace.

Total Solid Contents in 7000 grains of the water,
1.05=One grain and 5 100ths
DAVID STEWART, M. D., Analyst.
Baltimore, 20th February, 1850.

The "Major."

We were much amused the other day with the Major's story of his first adventure in jewelry. In due time the Major got married, as all young folks are bound to do, and in the course of time he found himself in New Orleans, with an extra hundred dollars in his pocket.

Determined to do things up handsomely in the way of presenting his wife with some costly presents, he marched into a jewelry store, resolved to spend thirty or forty dollars for trinkets, under the delusion that a sum so enormous would buy "everything since the found himself in the work of the wind boards, and \$3,4 mos.; as 400 Spiral to the wide boards, and \$5 per M for a first adventure in jewelry. In due to the wide boards.

Boston, June 29th.—Naval Stores—The market has been rather quiet for spirits Turpentine for a few days past, as the stock has become much reduced. Sales have been made at 32 a 33½ per gal. cash. In Tar we have only to notice small sales at \$1.75 a \$1.87½ per bbl. 6 mos.—Rosin has been in thirty or forty dollars for trinkets, under the delusion that a sum so enormous would buy "everything significant the sum of the wide boards.

LEMBER.—One raft of mixed flooring and wide boards, not a prime article, sold at \$11 for the flooring, and \$5 per M for the wide boards.

LEMBER.—One raft of mixed flooring and wide boards, not a prime article, sold at \$11 for the flooring, and \$5 per M for the wide boards.

WHEREAS complaint upon oath hath this day the wide boards.

II AV.—This article continues scearce and in demand. Last slees (50 bales) at \$5 cents per 100 lbs.

LARD.—Stock continues abundant and prices firm.

Mollarses.—No recent article, sold at \$11 for the flooring, and \$5 per M for the wide boards.

II AV.—This article continues scearce and in demand. Last slees (50 bales) at \$5 cents per 100 lbs.

LARD.—Stock continues abundant and prices firm.

Mollarses.—No reaft of mixed flooring and wide boards.

II AV.—This article continues scearce and in demand. Last slees (50 bales) at \$5 cents per 100 lbs.

LARD.—Stock county, committing acts of felony or other misdeds; These are, therefore, in the name of the State aforesaid, to command the said slave forthwith to currender himself and re-

> OSE Hundred and Twenty five Dollars Reward will be paid for the delivery of the said HARRY to me at Tosnott Depot, Edgecombs county, or for his confinement in any Jail in the State so that I can get him; or One Hundred and Fitty Dollars will be given for his head.
>
> He was lately heard from in Newbern where he called himself Henry Barnes (or Eurus), and will be likely to continue the same name, or assume that of Copage of Farmer. He has a free mulatto woman for a wife, by the name of Sally Bozeman, who has lately removed to Wilmington, and lives in that part of the town called Texas, where he will likely be

JAMES T. MILLER, J. P. [Seal.] W. C. BETTENCOURT, J. P. [Seal.]

urking.

Masters of vessels are particularly cautioned against harboring, or concealing the said negro on board their vessels, as the fail penalty of the law will be rigorously enforced.

TAKEN up and Committed to the Jail of Onslow county, a negro man, who says his name is LISHUS, and that he belongs to Mr. Burney, of Craven county, and was hired to Joseph Green, of Brunswick county. Said negro is about 22 years of age, and will weigh 150 or 160 lbs. The owner of said negro is requested to cous forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

W. D. HUMPHREY, Sheriff.

Jacksonville, July 5, 1850 NOTICE.

Dr. B. A. KENNEDY, DENTAL SURGEON,

Or. B. A. KENNEDY, DENTAL SURGEON, (Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.)

DESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the College of Dental Surgery.)

DESPECTFULLY tenders his profession of the interest of the Proposed to perform, on the latest and most approved principles, all operations in his profession. Incorruptible Artificial Teeth Inserted, from one to an entire set, on gold plate.—Whole upper set inserted on the atmospheric principle, having made an improvement in this mode of inserting Teeth, he confidently recommends it as answering the purpose of mastication, &c. They can be taken out and put back at pleasure by the wearer, be worn with confort, and cannot be detected from the natural Teeth. All operations warranted to give satisfaction, and not to be surpassed by any operator in the United States. Irregularities in children's Teeth corrected. NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, at the house of M.W. Venters, deceased, near the Richlands, in Onslow county, on the 25th day of July, instant, a portion of his property, to wit: His present growing crop, Farming Utensils, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c.; Household and Kitchen Furniture. Also, a lot of Turpentine; the Boxes rented and Negroes hired for the remainder of the year.

All at six months credit. Notes with approved security required.

GEO. J. WARD, Adm'r.

Jacksonville, Onslow co., N. C., July 5, 1850

GRESH Arrivals, per Schr. Jenas Smith. 10 has Ric Coffee, (the green;) 5 hags of Laguyra; 5 house

GEO. J. WARD, Adm'r.
Jacksonville, Onslow eo., N. C., July 5, 1850 43-34

TNCOURAGE HOME. A fine lot of Chatham county
Dried Beef, a superior article to any in this market. Low
for cash, at

GEO. J. WARD, Adm'r.

43-34

Rio Coffee, (the greeu;) 5 hags of Laguyra; 5 bases
cheap tobacco; 5 do, of assorted 5'a, 5'e, and pound lumpe;
by the cash, at GEO. H. KELLEY'S.

Dr. SHERWOOD, Strickland's Depot, Duplin county

R S. KOONCE, Richland, Onslow county B. BARNES, Black Creek, Wavne county. VOLNEY B. PALMER is authorized to receive advertisement and subscriptions for the Journal, in New York, Philadelphia. and Boston, and receipt for payment for the same.

> From the North Carolina Standard. Sketches of the North Carolina Press. No. 2. "Messenger of grief,

Perhaps to thousands, and joy to some; This folio of four pages, happy work! Which note en critics criticise, that holds inquisitive attention What is it, but a map of busy life.

What is it, but a map of busy life,
Its fluctuations and its vast concerns?"—Cowper.
In the first number on this subject, published some short time since, the history of the Press was collated from its discovery in the 15th century down to this is owing to the wife's culinary ignorance, and to our Revolution. The Press of our own State, from your "Good Plain Cooks." its first introduction into the Province in 1749, by James Davis, and the names and characters of the and well-to-do should be submitted to regular kitchdifferent Editors were stated.

From that period to the present much information is collected, yet much is needed to make its history shoes or to fit and sew dresses. But it is desirable complete and satisfactory.

The ruling powers of England seemed, says Williamson. in his History of North Carolina, vol. 1, 165. to have regarded knowledge as a dangerous plant in the Provinces, else they would not have instructed Lord Effingham, the Governor of Virginia, "not to suffer the use of a Printing Press on any occasion be materially abated. whatever." It was a cause of gratitude, for which Sir William Berkley gave thanks to Heaven, "that there was not a Printing Office in any of the Southern Provinces.

Surely, if such subjects afforded his Lordship any cause of congratulation, the early history of our State must have filled his loyal heart with happiness.

But, under the influence of free government, the Press, during the period which we are now considering, has attained in our Government position and power hitherto unknown in the history of our race. Tymperly, in his Encyclopædia of Literary and Typographical Anecdote, informs us that the United States had, in 1834, with a population of 13,000,000, more newspapers than all Europe with a population

Such are consequences of institutions and laws that realize the idea of Locke's perfection of a Government, where every man may think what he pleases and speak what he thinks. sequent ill-conduct it would be! The man quarrels with his wife because there is nothing he can eat,

At the commencement of the Revolution of 1776. the only newspapers in our State were at Newbern, Wilmington. Halifax, Edenton, and Hillsborough. In 1812, there were newspapers printed at Newbern, Wilmington. Edenton, Tarborough, Murfreesborough, Fayetteville, Raleigh, and Warrenton.

It is to be regretted that no files are extant of this period, or within the control of the writer of this sketch, which show "the form and pressure of the times." or the characters of the Editors.

We observe that the Legislature of Wisconsin, at a recent session, has ordered that the County Court by a good meal we mean anything, however simple, Clerks of each County shall subscribe, in the name of the County, for a copy of each paper printed in expensively and very ill, and a poor man very fruthe County, for reference, to be bound up and preserved.

It would be a worthy enactment of our General Assembly : and further to direct the State Librarian ty or the other, not only to those in humble circumto procure a copy of each paper printed in the State, to be preserved in like manner. Their value would increase with their years, and be a most useful and reliable source of reference.

The Constitution, made at Halifax in 1776, was printed, as well as the Acts of the Legislature, the first that assembled under the Constitution, by James Davis, at Newbern, in April. 1777. James Davis was, as stated in a previous number

of these sketches, a Virginian by birth, and was appointed, under the Colonial Government, Post Master at Newbern, by Benjamin Franklin, and also held the commission of a magistrate, from Gov. Tryonthe last but one of the Royal Governors.

The Private Acts of the General Assembly, from

1715 to 1790, were printed at Newbern, by Francois writing of a well-boiled potato, we are aware that X. Martin, in 1794. The the and character of Francois Xavier Martin is full of interest.

but the fact is that their contempt arises, as is often The lesson it teaches is full of encouragement to the origin of contempt, from their ignorance, there the industrious prudent and persevering. He was a Frenchman by birth, as his name indicates, without fortune and friends, but by application and industry rose to the highest ranks of society. In 1791, the Legislature afforded him aid in publishing the statutes of England in force and use in this State. In 1803 he was employed by the same to publish a revisal of the acts of the Proprietary. Royal and State Governments. In 1809, he was appointed by Mr. Madison to a judicial office first in Mississippi Ter- ern, and a Frenchman recommended by Ude. The ritory, afterwards Orleans; and when the latter became a State. Louisiana, he was appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court of that State, in which office, he recently died, full of years, wealth and honor. In 1829, he published a History of North Carolina, in two volumes.

Abraham Hodge, uncle of William Boylan, Esq. of Raleigh, was a cotemporary, and was early an ex-tensive printer in the State. Of his life, character and death, the writer is not informed.

The name of Joseph Gales appears in Tymperly's Encyclopædia as the publisher of the Sheffield Register No. 1, in England, in June, 1787. He fled to America from the persecutions of tyranny in 1794, and settled in Raleigh, where in 1799, he established the present Raleigh Register, now conducted by his grandon, Seaton Gales, Esq. In 1801, the office of the Register, with all its appliances, was burned to the ground; but by the generous aid of friends with the enterprize of the Editor, it revived, and took an active part for the country, in its perilous contest with

England in the war of 1812. An accurate account of his typographical labors. by a faithful and familiar hand, would fill the period now alluded to, and is most desirable to the country. To those who have the material at hand, and more ability than the writer of this, this duty is confided. By many now alive, he is remembered with His life was inoffensive and full of gentleness, and his talents and his virtues have left behind a character worthy of regard and emulation. The Newspapers now published in North Caroli-

na, are as follows: Aurora, Wilmington, by Henry I. Toole.
 Albermarle Bulletin, Edenton, by T. C. Manning.
 Asheville Messenger, Asheville, J. M. Edney.
 Buncombe Dollar News, Atkin and Sherwood.
 Biblical Recorder, Raleigh, Thomas Meredith.
 Common School Advocate, Guilford, N. Mendenhall.
 Carolina Watchman, Salisbury, Bruner and James.
 Christian Sun, Pittsborough, Com. Chris. Church.
 Charlotte Journal, Charlotte, T. J. Holton.
 Communicator. Expetterille, William Patter. Charlotte Journal, Charlotte, L. J. Holton.
 Communicator, Fayetteville, William Potter.
 Deaf Mute, Raleigh, W. D. Cooke.
 Fayetteville Observer, Fayetteville, E. J. Hale.
 Goldsborough Patriot, Goldsborough, W. Robinson.
 Goldsboro' Telegraph, Goldsboro', W. F. S. Alston.
 Granville Whig, Oxford, George Wortham.
 Gransbore', Patriot, Gransbore', Strain & Shorne.

18. Greensboro' Patriot, Greensboro', Swaim & Sherwood Greensboro' Patriot, Greensboro', Swaim & She
 Halifax Republican, Halifax, C. N. Webb.
 Hillsborough Recorded, Dennis Heartt.
 Hillsborough Democrat, John N. Bunting.
 Hornet's Nest, Charlotte, J. L. Badger.
 Lincoln Courier, Lincolnton, Thomas J. Eccles.
 Lincoln Republican, Lincolnton, J. D. Newson.
 Milton Chranicle, Milton, C. N. B. Evans Mitton Chroniele, Milton, C. N. B. Evans. Mountain Banner, Rutherfordton, Thos. A. Hayder North Carolinia Standard, Raleigh, W. W. Holden. North Carolinian, Fayetteville, Wm. H. Bayne. North Carolina Herald, Asheborough, R. H. Brown. North Carolina Farmer, Raleigh, Thos. J. Lemay, Newbernian, Newbern, Wm. H. Mayhew.

 Newbernian, Newbern, Wm. H. Mayhew.
 Newbern Republican, Newbern, Wm. B. Gulick.
 North State Whig, Washington, H. Dimmock.
 Old North State, Elizabeth City, S. D. Poole.
 Primitive Baptist, Raleigh Burwell Temple.
 Plymouth Times, Plymouth, Wm. Eborn.
 Raleigh Register, Raleigh, Scaton Gales.
 Raleigh Star, Raleigh, Thomas J. Lemay & Son.
 Raleigh Times, Raleigh, C. C. Robateau.
 Religious Intelligeneer, Wilmington, J. McDaniel.
 Spirit of the Age, Raleigh, Alex. M. Gorman.
 Southern Advocate, Raleigh, Burwell Temple.
 Tarborough Free Press, Tarboro', Geo. Howard, Jr.
 Wilmington Chronicle, Wilmington, A. A. Brown. Wilmington Chronicle, Wilmington, A. A. Brown.

Wilmington Chromicle, Wilmington, A. A. Brown.
Wilmington Journal, Wilmington, Fulton & Price.
Wilmington Commercial, Wilmington, T. Loring.
Wadesborough Argus, Wadesboro', Samuel Fulton.
Weldon Herald, Weldon, Jas. F. Simmons. It would extend this sketch far beyond its proper length to detail in this number the merits of each paper, or to attempt to sketch the character and rsuit of each of the proprietors. The material has been procured, and will be given in another number.

and justly—"nothing extenuated or set down in malice," so that those who come after us shall not be at the same loss, as we are now, of the name, character and talents of those who exercise at this day so important an influence on the public mind and morals.

All persons having from the company. Toby was allowed by all the spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to drink with nother end of his shining coat sleeve, lent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to have made an excellent spectators, black and white, to drink with a milishy ossifer—but the spectators, black and white, to drink with a milishy ossifer—but the spectators, black and white, to drink with a milishy ossifer—but the spectators, black and white, to drink with a milishy ossifer—but the spectators, black and white, to drink with the nether end of his shining coat sleeve, lent spectators, black and white, to drink with a milishy ossifer—but the spectators, black and white, to drink with a milishy ossifer—but the a glass o' and the late a glass o' and the spectators, black and white, to drink with the nether capture.

There is a spectator of the late a glass o' and the l

ing, M. Ravel!"

From the Louisville Courier. New Version BY D. J. LYONS. Och, Widow Machree, when cowld weather comes on, Och hone, Widow Machree,

A Good Plate Cook.

to become uncommonly acute critics of all that per-tains to personal blandishment. They keep an un-

compromisingly tight hand over their milliners and ladies' maids. They can tell to a thread when a

flounce is too narrow or a tuck too deep. They are taught to a shade what colors suit their respective

complexions, and to a hair how their coiffure ough

to be arranged. Wee unto the seamstress or hand

maiden who sins in these matters! But her "good

plain cook "-when a damsel is promoted to wedlock

and owns one-passes unreproached for the most

heinous offences. Badly seasoned and ill-assimilated

soup; fish, without any fault of the fishmonger, soft

and flabby; meat, rapidly roasted before fierce fires,

burnt outside and raw within; poultry rendered by

the same process tempting to the eye, till dissection reveals red and uncooked joints! These crimes, from their frequency and the ignorance of "the lady of

the house," remain unpunished. Whereupon, hus-

bands, tired of their Barmecide feasts—which disap-

point the taste more because they have often a pro-

mising look to the eye—prefer better fare at their clubs: and escape the Scylla of bad digestion to be

wrecked on the Charybdis of domestic discord. All

We do not say that the daughters of the wealthy

en apprenticeships, and taught the details of cooke

ry, any more than that they should learn to make

that they should acquire principles—such principles

as would enable them to apply prompt correction to the errors of their hired cooks. It is no very bold as-

sertion that were such a knowing and judicious su-

pervision generally exercised, the stomach diseases

under which half our nation is said to groan, would

Let us take a step or two lower in the ladder o

English life, where circumstances oblige the Good

son. Many a respectable clerk, and many a small

farmer, is doomed from one year's end to another to a wearying disproportion of cold, dry, uncomfortable dinners, because his wife's knowledge of cookery

takes no wider range than that which pertains to the

and laborers are deprived of half the actual nutri-

ment of food, and of all the legitimate pleasures of the table, because their better halves—though good

-are in utter darkness as to economising and ren-

by the help of an Asmodeus what is going on at the

dinner hour of the humbler of the middle class, what

a spectacle of discomfort, waste, ill-temper, and con-

and he generally makes up in drink for the deficiencies in the article of food. Gin is the consolation to

the spirits and the resource to the baulked appetite.

There is thus not only the direct waste of food and

of the use of spirits, with its injury to the habits and

relish dispensing with recourse to stimulants. Good

humor, too, and good health follow a good meal, and

well dressed in its way. A rich man may live very

gally but very well, if it be his good fortune to have

a good cook in his wife or his servant: and a minis

spoil much more in quantity, and many other arti-

if cookery were made a branch of female education

To the poor, the gain would be incalculable. "A

mportance to a thing they suppose to be so common

attached to the point by the highest gastronomic au-

thorities, is shown by what took place, some years since at the meeting of a Pall Mall Club Committee

specially called for the selection of a cook. The can-

didates were an Englishman, from the Albion Tav-

eminent divine who presided in right of distinguish-

ed connoisseurship put the first question to the candi-

ates. It was this :—"Can you boil a potato?"

Let us hope that these hints will fructify and bo

mproved upon, and that the first principles of cook-

cation. In schools, however, this will be difficut.—

until it does so become, we shall continue to be afflic

A Balt.

Sammy Huggins was wont to visit the widow Mug-

gins at sundry times and oft-albeit, he was slow at

making a point. The widow was right glad to re-

ceive the man Sammy, but nevertheless was sorely

displeased at his tardiness in making known his de-

sires. Now the man Sammy wot not of the widow's

anxieties, nor had he set his whole heart upon the

woman, but he loved right well to sit and smoke his

pipe beside the widow. One evening, after a long absence, Sammy hied himself to the widow's wherea-

bouts; but as he crossed the threshold of her domicil

he was amazed beyond measure, for lo and behold

to bless me withal; so anon, in order to remind me

of thyself, I didst procure the fragrant weed, and,

laying it straightway upon the coals, it did forthwith

the widow had spoken these words, Sammy Huggins did fly into the widow Muggins's open and willing

arms; he did forthwith make an avowal which was

most graciously received, and, ere the month was

wasted, the twain, by the aid of Parson Hummins,

RAVEL AND THE DANDY .- M. Antoine Ravel, the

successor of Gabriel, and his close rival in panto-

mine, is the hero of a capital story in the Boston

Post. He was in the gymnasium one day, it seems, when one of the Boston bloods entered, and took him

for a green horn; offering his services to show him

how to do things, &c. At last Ravel allowed his

even to get the better of him, secmingly, for a while.

Having indulged the young gentleman in this way a

little time, much to his satisfaction, and after the

young gentleman had settled and shrugged up his shoulders a number of times, with an air of self-con-

sequence, they walked up to the chalk for the third

time, the stranger saying he believed he had learned the modus operandi of the thing, as he at once com-

menced cuffing our young hero, not only on both ears

but occasionally rubbing his nose with the glove to

burst into a tremendous shout of laughter, that so

mortified his vanity he rushed in, letting fly first left,

then right, and the stranger "countered," and my

young hero supposed he had knocked the stranger

into the "middle of next week." What was his sur-

prise on seeing his antagonist turn two back som-

mersets, pulling off the gloves as he was spinning in

dy pugilist when the proprietor of the gymnasium entered, and said to the "green horn," "Good morn-

The Post describes the chagrin of the dan-

teacher to give him a lesson with the gloves, and

CYMON.

were made one flesh.

ted with Good Plain Cooks .- Household Words.

Great would be the advantage to the community

cles to boot.

the health. On the other hand, people who cat well, drink moderately; the satisfaction of appetite with

detriment to health, but the farther consequent waste

If we could see," says a writer before quoted.

dering palatable the daily sustenance of their fami-

plain cooks, in the ordinary acceptation of the

roasted, boiled, and fried. Thousands of artisans

Plain Cook and the wife to be one and the same per

Young ladies of the leisure classes are educated

It isn't myself will be singing this song, Och hone, Widow Machree; For, sure as I live, this body I'll give To the fishes that swim away down in the sea; And the sprat and the herrin shall come to my berrin, Och hone, Widow Machree.

Och, Widow Machree, whin you hear of my fate, Och hone, Widow Machree, The big tears may rowl down, but 'twill thin be too late. Och hone, Widow Machree; For even the whale, at the sight, will look pale,

As with a heart full of pity he glares upon me-In the salt briny wave he will dig my cowld grave, Och hone, Widow Machree. Och, Widow Machree, whin you marry O'Flynn,

Och hone, Widow Machree,

And sit by the fireside a looking at him, Och hone, Widow Machree: With a tear in your eye, and perhaps with a sigh, You'll remember that I loved you better than he: But the mermaids, poor man, will be atin' me thin, Och hone, Widow Machree.

Och, Widow Machree, don't be snoring so loud, Och hone, Widow Machree, 'Tis awake you should be, and a making my shroud, Och hone, Widow Machree; Have pity, I pray, and only jist say, That, at some future day, you will smile upon me,

And bad luck to the fish that would make me his dish, Och hone, Widow Machree. From the Dublin University Magazine. Dance Light, for my Heart it lies under your Feet,

Love. Ah. sweet Kitty Neil, rise up from that wheel-Your neat little foot will be weary from spinning ; Come trip down with me to the sycamore tree-Half the parish is there, and the dance is beginning The sun is gone down, but the full harvest-moon Shines sweetly and cool on the dew-whitened valley; While all the air rings with the soft, loving things Each little bird sings in the green shaded alley."

With a blush and a smile, Kitty rose up the while, Her eye in the glass, as she bound her hair, glancing; 'Tis hard to refuse when a young lover sues-So she couldn't but choose to-go off to the dancing. And now on the green, the glad groups are seen-Each gay-hearted lad with the lass of his choosing : And Pat, without fail, leads out sweet Kitty Neil-Somehow, when he asked, she ne'er thought of refusing.

Now Felix Magee puts his pipes to his knee, And, with flourish so free, sets each couple in motion; With a cheer and a bound, the lads patter the ground-The maids move around just like swans on the ocean. Cheeks bright as the rose-feet light as the doe's, Now coyly retiring, now boldly advancing-

Search the world all around, from the sky to the ground. No such sight can be found as an Irish lass dancing ! Sweet Kate! who could view your bright eyes of deep blue, Beaming humidly through their dark lashes so mildly,

Your fair-turned arm, heaving breast, rounded form, Nor feel his heart warm, and his pulse throb wildly. Poor Pat feels his heart, as he gazes, depart, Subdued by the smart of such painful yet sweet love; The sight leaves his eyes, as he cries with a sigh, " Dance light, for my heart it lies under your feet, love!"

tering angel a good cook is, either in the one capaci-But you must hear of the corn shucking. The stances, but to many above them of the class served one at which I was present was given on purpose that I might witness the humors of the Carolina neby what are self-termed professed cooks, which is too frequently an affair of profession purely, and who are to be distinguished from plain cooks only in this, groes. A huge fire of light-wood was made near the corn house. Light-wood is the wood of the longthat they require larger wages for spoiling food, and leaved pine, and is so called, not because it is light, for it is almost the heaviest wood in the world, but because it gives more light than any other fuel. clearing land, the pine are girdled and left to stand; the outer portion of the wood decays and falls off; the inner part, which is saturated with turpentine, mongst the prizes which the Bountifuls of both sexes remains upright for years, and constitutes the planare fond of bestowing in the country," we quote the ters provision of fuel. When a supply is wanted, one of these dead trunks is felled by the axe. The Examiner, "we should like to see some offered for the best boiled potato, the best grilled mutton chop, abundance of light-wood is one of the boasts of and the best seasoned hotch-potch soup or broth. In Carolina. Wherever you are, if you happen to be own, abducted my youngest daughter and sloped and chilly, you may have a fixed extempore; a bit of we shall incur the contempt of many for attaching light-wood and a coal give you a bright blaze and a strong heat in an instant. The negroes make fires of it in the fields where they work; and, when the mornings are wet and chilly, in the pens where they are milking the cows. At a plantation, where seen and tasted that great rarity—a well-boiled popassed a frosty night, I saw fires in a small enclosure. and was told by the lady of the house that she had This is scarcely an exaggeration. The importance

ordered them to be made to warm the cattle. The light-wood fire was made, and the negroes dropped in from the neighboring plantations, singing as they came. The driver of the plantation, a colored man, brought out baskets of corn in the husk, and piled it in a heap; and the negroes began to strip the husks from the ears, singing with great glee as they worked, keeping time to the music, and now and then throwing in a joke and an extravagant burst of laughter. The songs were generally of a comic character: but one of them was set to singularly wild and plaintive air, which some of our muing will become, in some way, a part of female edusicians would do well to reduce to notation. These are the words: It can only be a branch of household education; and

"Johnny come down de hollow Oh hollow Johnny come down de hollow. De nigger-trader got me. Oh hollow! De speculator bought me.
Oh hollow! I'm sold for silver dol dollars. Oh hollow! Boys, go catch de pony.
Oh hollow! Bring him round de corner, Oh hollow

I'm goin' away to Georgia. Oh hollow! Boys, good-bye forever! Oh hollow!" The song of "Jenny gone away," was also given, the odor of burnt tobacco, even the Virginia plant, and another, called the monkey song, probably of that log, any how, and hired two Scotchmen to watch the weed which did fill her apartment. Then did the other negroes bore part in the chorus, "Dan, the cunning woman open her mouth and thus make dan, who's de daddy!" One of the songs, commonly speech: "I was weary, my love, in waiting for thy sweet company, with which whilom thou wert wont mals of the woods as belonging to some profession or

trade. For example—
"De cooter is de boatman—" The cooter is the terrapin, and a very expert boatsend out its sweet smelling savor to gladden my heart withal, teaching me to think of thee!" As soon as

"De cooter is de boatman. John John Crow.

De red-bird de soger.

John John Crow. De mocking-bird de lawyer. John John Crow. De aligator sawyer.

John John Crow."

The alligator's back is furnished with a toothed ridge, like the edge of a saw, which explains the last

When the work of the evening was over, the negroes adjourned to a spacious kitchen. One of them men came forward and executed various dances, capering, prancing, and drumming with heel and toe around you. upon the floor, with astonishing agility and perseverance, though all of them had performed their daily tasks and had worked all the evening, and some had walked four to seven miles to attend the corn shucking. From the dances a transition was made to a mock military parade, a sort of burlesque of our militia trainings, in which the words of command and the evolutions were extremely ludicrous. It be came necessary for the commander to make a speech. and confessing his incapacity for public speaking, he such an extent that his Southern friends at once called upon a huge black man named Toby to address the company in his stead. Toby, a man of powerful frame, six feet high, his face ornamented with a beard of fashionable cut, had hitherto stood leaning against the wall, looking upon the frolic with an air of superiority. He consented, came forward, and demanded a bit of paper to hold in his hand, and harangued the soldiery. It was evident that Toby had listened to stump speeches in his day. He spoke of "de majority of Sous Carolina," "de interests of de State," "de honor of ole Ba'nwell district," and these phrases he connected by various expletives, and sounds of which we could make nothing. At length he began to falter, when the captain with admirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, if he is black—you shall take a glass of the new length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, if he is black—you shall take a glass of the new length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, if he is black—you shall take a glass of the new length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, if he is black—you shall take a glass of the new length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, if he is black—you shall take a glass of the new length mind the mount remitted exceeds the sum due the old firm, the overplus and I like to compliment a man whats's lived an length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, said one of these dignatries to a negro at like to compliment a man whats's lived an length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left, said one of these dignatries to a negro at length mirable presence and sounds of which we could make nothing. At length mirable presence of mind came to his relief, and inhonest left mind the mind the mind the provided mind the provided mind the An exchange paper says: "When you see a gentleman, at midnight, sitting on the stoop in front of his house, combing his hair with the door scraper, terrupted and closed the harangue with a hurrah

BESTISH FOREIGN POLICY AND FOREIGN BLUSTER.

Discussed by the British Lion and the American Eagle.—American Eagle (meeting British Lion.) Good morning to you, old fellow. You're lookin spry. And so you ort. You feel proud of yourself, don't you? Oh! in course you du. The thought that we've been a behavin brave, and noble and ginerous, is a pleasant one to chew upon, ain't it? Oh! you're a magnanimous beast, you are, and have just been showin yourself such—that's a fact. There is none of the cur in your natur, is there? Oh, no! Not the least

mixtur in you of the coward and the bull—

British Lion.—What the deuce do you mean? American Eagle.—Oh, you've been actin a fine part toward Greece, hav'nt you? Going to war with that air great and powerful nation, for little more but to recover a debt for that sorter British subject, sorter Portuguese, kinder Jew, Don Pacifico.

British Lion .- Come, none of your chaffing. The horror of England demands that the smallest wrong, offered by whomsoever, to the humblest of her Majesty's subjects, shall be redressed.

American Eagle .- Now, you cantin, braggin, untruthful old loafer, have you got the face to tell me that sir? When I know, and you know, and know Gentlemen—I take the privilege to an that I know, that let the worst injuries be done to any on 'em, by them as you think you can't afford the quarrel with, and you'll pocket the affront like dollars, and eat humble pie as fast as buffalo hump. British Lion .- You are speaking in joke of course; but really I cannot allow you to continue to use this language. It won't do.

American Eagle .- I in joke ? I never was more serious at a camp meetin, I tell you. You can't allow me to talk so! I should like to know how you are to hinder me, you blusterin old quadruped. Won't do? It will do, every spite of your teeth, as easy as I'd give my old mare a hossball.

Quiries which I think that every voter should make before going to the ballot-box, and then let his influence and suf-

you do, you'll shut up your feelins in your own buz-zum tight. You'll tie the valve down, you will, and the County. keep your steam in, and I hope it won't bust you .--And now, as all your Queen's subjects is to have their part took agin the world, how about that air fied to fill the office or not-whether I am tyrannical and op nigger of yourn, as was hauled out of one of your pressive, or lenient and accommodating, in business transact merchant ships only because he was a nigger, and for no other reason on airth, by our free and independent citizens, and locked up in the common gaol whilst the vessel stopped in port, accordin to law in such case made and provided, at Charleston, South

British Lion. - Diplomatic negotiations are now in contemplation, with a view to remove an anomaly which, I trust, will continue to exist much longer in the relations between Great Britain and the American Republic.

American Eagle.—And if your diplomatic negotia-tions fail, you'll send Admiral Parker and a fleet to blockade New York, won't you? You'll seize all the craft you can catch off Long Island, till such time as we larn to respect the persons of your bless-ed niggers. But wouldn't you have done all this long afore, if New York had been Athens, and Pacifice the nigger imprisoned at Charleston? Oh, you are an awful Lion to the weak, you are; but there ain't a lamb milder to them that is likely to show

you the smallest fight .- Punch. Wonderful Log Rolling at the West.

An Englishman who was lately travelling on the Mississippi, told some rather tough stories about the New Hanover co London thieves. A Cincinnati chap, named Case, heard these narratives with a silent, but expressive humph! and then remarked that he thought the Western thieves beat the London operators all hol-

How so? inquired the Englishman, with surprise. Pray, sir, have you lived much in the West ? Not a great deal. I undertook to settle up a business at the Desmoins Rapids awhile ago, but the that I would not again be a candidate for the office. But rascally people stole nearly everything I had, and since making those declarations, I have been placed in differ-finally a Welch miner ran off with my wife.' 'Good God!' said the Englishman. 'And never found her?

Never to this day. But that was not the worst Worst! Why, what could be worse than stealing

man's wife ? 'Stealing his children, I should say,' said the implacable Case. · Childern!

jined the Ingins. Great heaven! See her? Yes, and she hand nt ten rods the start M for cash, at of me; but she plunged into the lake and swam off

like a duck, and there warn't a canoe to follow her LIST OF BLANKS. The Englishman laid back in his chair and called for another mug of aff-an-aff, while Case smoked his County Court Sub.; cigar and looked at his credulous friend at the same Superior do. Superior do. do. County Court Fi. Fa.;

time most remorselessly.

'I—I shan't go any further West--I think,' at ength observed the excited John Bull. Superior do. do. Apprentice Indentures; I should not advise ann one to go,' said Case, quietly. My brother once live there, but he had to leave, although his business was the best in the country.' County and Superior

What business was he in, pray ? Lumbering-had a saw mill. 'And they stole his lumber ?'
'Yes, and his saw logs, too."

Saw logs! Yes, whole dozens of fine black walnut logs were carried off in a single night-

Magistrate's do. Capias ad Responden-dum; Overseer's Appoint-True upon my honor, sir. He tried every way to prevent it; had men hired to watch his logs; but it was all of no use. They would whip 'em away as easily as if there has been nobody there. They ments; Peace, State, and Civil would steal them out of the cove, and even out of the Notes of Hand; millways. Attachments; State Recognizance;

'Good gracious!' 'Just to give you an idea how they can steal out Military Ca Sa; there,' continued Case, sending a sly wink at the lis-Negro Bonds; do. Bill of Sale; tening company, just to give you an idea-did you ever work in a saw mill?

Inspector's Certificates Certificates of Justices 'Never.' Well, my brother, one day, bought an all fired fine black walnut log—four feet three at the butt and not a knot in it. He was determined to keep Tax Receipts; Insolvent Notices; and not a knot in it. He was determined to keep Insolvent Notices; Writs of Ejectment; saluted his nostrils; whereupon, the man Sammy did question the widow Muggins touching the fumes of ated a monkey, with all sorts of odd gesticulations, of whiskey with them, snaked the log up the side hill the weed which did fill her anartment. Then did and the other negroes bore part in the chorus, "Dan, above the mill, and built a fire, and then sot down the did fill her anartment. Then did above the mill, and built a fire, and then sot down on the log to play keerds, just to keep awake, you see. 'Twas a monsus big log—bark two inches thick.' Checks, Cape Fear B'k; Well. as was sayin', they played keerds and drank whiskey all night, and as it began to grow light, went to sleep straddle of the log. About a minet after

dayligh George went over to the mill to see how Administrator's Bonds; Setting on the bark! The thieves had drove an iron wedge into the butt eend which pinted down hill, and hitched a yoke of oxen on, and pulled it it right the leaving the shell and the Scotchers setting a-straddle of it fast asleep.

The Englishmen house of the straight of the straight

The Englishman here rose, dropped his cigar stump into the spittoon, and looking at his watch, said he thought he would go on deck and see how far we'd be printed with the ut-

be down the river before morning. most dispatch. FIT THOUGHTS -Let your thoughts be fit or suitatook his place as musician, whistling and beating time with two sticks upon the floor. Several of the of God—lower thoughts of self, kinder thoughts of er work in the printing your brethren, and more hopeful thoughts of all line, would do well to

> WANTED TO KNOW .- If steam-ships are used in are determined to exeavigating the "sea of troubles."
>
> If ships in "stays" are adicted to "tight lacing."
>
> If it is owing to the rate of interment being cheap
> at so many are "buried in oblivion." avigating the "sea of troubles." hat so many are "buried in oblivion."

Whether the sun shone during the "dark ages." How cupid, being blind, manages to aim when he shoots his arrows.

Whether the "tale" which the ghost of Hamlet's father could unfold, was "founded on fact."

The elevation of the "pinacle of fame," above the ment to the subscriber.

The extreme length of the "long parliament."

If Hydropathic treatment would be likely to cure the "cruptions" of Mount Ætna.

The milita officers are not the proudest men in the Subscribers may remit to the subscriber without delay. The money may be remitted agreeably to the terms of the "Journal," or paid to its agents. the "eruptions" of Mount Ætna.

The milita officers are not the proudest men in the Sa orld, we always believed : and the following anecthe full amount of the yearly subscription, and dote goes far to prove that their humility is occasion-

bonest ! fe, if he is black—you shall take a glass o' sumthin to drink with me, eh ?

The Sheriffalty.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS J. ARM-STRONG as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New Hanover County. June 28, 1850

FELLOW-CITIZENS-It being out of my power to canvas the County, I beg to remind you that I continue a candidate for the office of Sheriff, and I respectfully ask your support a liberally as though you were personally solicited.

S. D. WALLACE. Your fellow-citisen, 42-te June 28, 1850 Other papers will discontinue former notice, and insert this till election.

To the Freemen of New-Hanover County :

Fellow-Citizens-I announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of your county. Should you be pleased to favor me with a majority of your suffrages, I pledge my honor that I will discharge the duties of that office to the best of JOHN JONES. my ability. June 13th, 1850.

GENTLEMEN-I take the privilege to announce myself to you as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of your County at the ensuing August election, and solicit your suffrages. I announce myself for the reason of my being solicited to do so from different sections of the County, and from the belief that will come as near doing the office and people justice as any candidate announced. I look upon it as a duty each voter owes to himself and the public, before the election, to possess himself of information, from reliable authority, which of the candidates is most deserving, and capable, and best qualified, in every respect, to take charge of the office. These are in British Lion.—Well, well—I shan't let you put frage be governed accordingly. That portion of the electors who may not be acquainted with, or know but little about American Eagle .- No, I expect you won't; or, if me, I would respectfully request them to call upon my friends

Gentlemen, I presume the most of you are acquainted with me; it is for you to say whether I am capable and well qualitions. If the result of the election should go in my favor, pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with impartiality. My motto shall be, to do justice to the people and to the office, and will ever feel grateful for the confidence reposed, and willing to reciprocate the favor as far as may be onorable.

Very respectfully, your fellow-citizen, J. HARRELL. June 14, 1850 40-te*]

We are authorized to announce THOS. H. WIL LIAMS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff at the ensuing election.

March 15, 1850 We are authorized to announce GEORGE ALDER-IAN as a candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing election. March 15, 1850

Town papers please copy till election.

To the Independent Voters of New Hanover County: FELLOW-CITIZENS-In accordance with the wishes of number of my friends, I beg leave to offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. Should you hopor me with your suffrages, I pledge myself to discharge its duties with fidelity G. J. MOORE. New Hanover county, Feb'y 22, 1850

WILMINGTON, N. C., MAY 8, 1850. To the Voters of New-Hanover County :

GENTLEMEN-Through the solicitations of a number of my friends, I again appear before you as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of your County; and in doing so, I deem it proper to make a few remarks relative to the position I now occupy before you. Some time ago, I told a number of my friends ent circumstances, through the interposition of an all-wise and unerring Providence. I believe by my making those declarations, it induced a majority, if not all of those whose names are before you to become candidates for the office

In appearing before you again as a candidate, I have no pledges to make, only that I will endeavor to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my abilities, should a major ity of my fellow-citizens think it proper to give me their

I am, gentlemen, most respectfully, your ob't serv't, OWEN FENNELL. [35-te] Chronicle, Aurora and Commercial, copy till election.

County Court Sci. Fa.;

etters of Administra-

Courts Witness and Juror Tiekets; Notices to Tax List

Receivers; Commission to take De-

position; county Ct. Execution;

Execution:

attending Court;

do. Brane the State;

Notes, negotiable at

Officers of the Courts

NOTICE.-All per-

ment to the subse

tion;

do.

TOLASSES. 12 hbds new eron Cuba Molasses. GEO. H. KELLEY'S

TUST Received from New York :-10 Bags Laguyra Coffee; 10 do. Rio do.; 10 do. St. Domingo do.; 10 Firkins new Goshen Butter; 0 Bbls. extra Canal Flour; 50 Packages Raisins; 40 Boxes Boston Crackers;

40 Boxes Boston Crackers;
50 do. Soap;
25 do. Pale Ale;
25 do. Mould Candles, 12½ cents by the box.
50 Bbls. Double Rectified Whiskey; 10 do. Extra Monongahela do.; 5 do. Apple Brandy; 25 Boxes Soda Crackers;

U by

25 do. Lerion Syrup; For sale at the very lowest prices for cash, or to good cas-puers on the usual terms. HOWARD & PEDEN. (ABINESS Tobacco.—50 boxes of that superior Cabines
Tobacco. For sale by J. WILKINSON & CO. Tobacco. For sale by

OD Liver Oil Candy—For medical purposes. For sale by J. WILKINSON & CO.

TOBACCO, assorted. 3 boxes pound lumps, a cheap article; 4 boxes 8s to the pound; 2 boxes 5s to the pound. Low for cash, at GEO. H. KELLEY'S. BACON, Bacon. 3,000 lbs. fine Sides, North Carolina; 1,000 lbs. fine Shoulders, N. C.; 1,500 lbs. fine Hams, N. C. Low for eash, at GEO. H. KELLEY'S. DAY UP! Pay Up! All persons indebted to the subseri

bers, by Note or Account, are carnestly requested to make a change in our business.

June 281 PERRIN & HARTSFIELD. PER Schr. G. W. Davis. 10 bbls. Mess Pork; 10 bbls. A No. 1 Sugar; 10 No. 10 Ploughs; 6 Grain Cradles.— Will be sold low for cash. PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

DIARRHEA SYRUPS. Another lot of those invaluable PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

ORANGES and Lemons. 35 boxes Naples Oranges;
40 boxes Sicily Oranges. Just received and for sale by
J. WILKINSON & CO.

THE BENEFITS OF ADVERTISING. THE BENEFITS OF ADVERTISING.

WE learn that Dr. S. P. Townsend has sold out the good will of his Sarsaparilla business, including machinery and raw material on hand, for the large sum of \$100,000.— This is an illustration of the advantages and benefits of advertising. The purchasers are Messrs. Nostrand & Bach, both wealthy and well known individuals. They have, we understand, employed the celebrated Chemist, Dr. James R. Chilton, who will hereafter have the compounding department under his own immediate supervision. They are men contion, who will nerealter nave the compounding department under his own immediate supervision. They are men of enterprise, and will, no doubt, sustain the character of this celebrated medicine, which has the reputation of being the best preparation of Sarsaparilla made in the United States. The new proprietors, we understand, warrant their article to tread in all climates are length of time which we have to tand in all climates any length of time, which we have no oubt of, when manufactured by so practical a chemist as Professor Chilton, who is well known to be one of the first hemists in this country.

The public are hereby notified that the preparation extensively known as Dr. S. P. Townsend's Compound Extract or Sarsaparilla, is now manufactured under my direction and supervision, from the original recipe obtained from Dr. S. P. Townsend, and I certify that it is composed of ingredients purely regetable, and without Mercury—and also that the ingredients are judiciously compounded, so as to obtain from them their greatest medicinal effects. JAMES R. CHILTON, Chemist.

New York, February, 1850. The undersigned, wholesale Druggists in the city of New York, have sold Dr. S. P. Townsend's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla for several years, and consider it the Ori-

inal and Genuine Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and that it was the first introduced to public notoriety under that name.

Boyd & Paul, 40 Courtlandt-st.

Walter B. Townsond & Co., 218 Pearl-st. Leeds & Hazard, 121 Maiden Lane. John Carle & Co., 153 Water-st. M. Ward & Co., 83 Maiden Lane.

J. & J. F. Trippe, 92 Maiden Lane.
Graham & Co., 10 Old Slip.
Osgood & Jennings, 188 Pearl-st.
B. Haviland & Co., Office, 177 Broadway.
Jackson, Robins & Co., 134 Water-st.
Thomas & Maxwell, 86 William-st.
William Underbill Jr. 183 Water-st. William Underhill, Jr., 183 Water-st. David T. Lanman, 69 Water-st. Marsh & Northrop, 69 Pearl-st. Norton, Babcock & Wood, 139 Maiden Lane. Penfold, Clay & Co., 4 Fletcher-st. Olcott, McKesson & Co., 127 Maiden Lane. A. B. & D. Sands, 100 Fulton-st.
Schieffelin Brother & Co., 104 and 106 John-st.
Lewis & Price, 55 Pearl-st
Haviland, Keese & Co., 89 Maiden Lanc.
Rushton, Clark & Co., 110 Broadway, 10 Astor
House, and 273 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.
Philip Schieffelin & Co., 107 Water-st.
Pon & Palanca 48 Lebust A. B. & D. Sands, 100 Fulton-st. Pou & Palanca, 96 John-st. Sherwood & Coffin, 64 Pearl-st. Rust & Houghton, 83 John-st. I. Minor & Co., 214 Fulton-st. Ingersoll & Brother, 230 Pearl-st.

Ingersoll & Brother, 239 Fearl-st.
Joseph E. Trippe, 128 Maiden Lane.
Haydock, Corlies & Clay. 218 Pearl-st.
Greenleaf & Kinsley, 45 Courtlandt-st.
Dr. A. C. EVANS & BROTHER are the only wholesale
and retail agents, here, for Dr. S. P. Townsend's Improved Extract of Sarsaparilla, where may be found at all times
a large and select stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Patent

es, and the many fancy articles usually kept in the Wilmington, N. C., June 28, 1850

SARSAPARITIONS IN QUART BOTTLES
In QUART BOTTLES CURE OF AND FOR THE LIVER COMPLAINT BOROFULA R'HEDMATISH

BRONCHITIS CONSUMPTION TUBBORN ULCERS FEMALE COMPLAINTS DYSPERSIA LOSS OF APPETITE SALT RHEUM SEVER SORES DEBILITY A. W.

In this preparation are strongly concentrated all the Medicinal properties of

Sarsaparilla, combined with the most effectual aids, the most salutary productions, the most potent simples of the vegetable kingdom; and it has been so fully tested, not only by patients themselves, but also by Physicians, that it has received their unqualified recommendations and the approbation of the public; and has established on its own merits a reputation for valuz and efficacy far superior to the various compounds bearing the name o Sarsaparilla. Diseases have been cured, such as are not furnished in the records time past; and what it has already done for the thousands who have used it, it capable of doing for the millions still suffering and struggling with disease. It per fies, cleanses, and strengthens the fountain springs of life, and infuses new vig throughout the whole animal frame. the diseases and strengthens the lountain springs of the, and industries the horoghout the whole animal frame.

The diseases for which this article is recommended are those to which it is known

from personal experience to be adapted; and those apparently removed beyond the sphere of its action have yielded to its influence. The catalogue of complaints might be greatly extended to which the Sarsaparilia is adapted, but experience proves its value, and each succeeding day is adding new trophies to its fame.

REMARKABLE CURE OF BRONCHITIS.

REMARKABLE CURE OF BRONCHITIS.

New York, Feb. 17, 1848.

Messrs. Sands:—Having suffered many years with a disease of my throat, affecting the larynx, during which time I was treated by the most distinguished physicians in Europe and the United States, without receiving any permanent benefit, but all the time my general health and strength declining, and the disease making fearful progress: caustic applications were used, and whatever else was thought most efficient for producing a cure; but I am confident the deplorable situation I was in, the laryngitis being accompanied with phthisis and great difficulty in breathing, would soon have terminated my life, had I not obtained relief through the medium of your valuable Sarsaparilla. I must say, gentlemen, when I commenced using the Sarsaparilla I did not place much confidence in its virtues; and this will not surprise you, when you are informed I had tried more than fifty different remedies during the past four years, without any success; but after taking your Sarsaparilla a few weeks, I was obliged at last to yield to evidence. This marvellous specific has not only relieved, but cured me; and I therefore think it my duty, gentlemen, for the benefit of suffering humanity, to give you this attestation of my cure.

Consulate of France in the United States.

The above statement and signature were acknowledged in our presence by Mr. D. Parent as true.

For the Consul-general of France,

New York, Feb. 17, 1848.

L. BQRG, Vice:Consul.

CANCEROUS ULCER PERMANENTLY CURED. LET THE PACTS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES.—The following striking, and, as will be seen, permanent cure of an inveterate Cancer, is only another link in the great chain of testimony to, its merits. Let the afflicted read and be convinced. What it has

done once it will do again:—

Stamford, Ct., Oct. 5, 1847.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands:—Gentlemen—In the year 1842 I was attacked with a cancer in my neck, which soon extended its ravages over the side of my face, eating the fiesh, and leaving the cords of my neck bare, discharging very freely, causing intense pain and suffering, depriving me of rest at night and coinfort by day, destroying my appetite, and reducing me almost to the gates of death. I was attended by the first physicians in the state, who prescribed for me, and did all that skill and talent could effect, but during all the time I continued to grow worse under their care. In the Spring of 1844 I chanced to hear of the cures performed by your Sarsaparila, and determined to try it. I had not used over two bottles before I felt its effects on my system most sensibly. My appetite was soon restored, my strength was increasing, the discharge from the cancer decreased, and I soon began to perceive that the flesh was healing. I continued its use according to directions, and also continued to grow better and better from day to day, until I have been fully and wholly cured by its wee. It is now two years since I was cured, and I have remained perfectly well up to this better and better from day to day, until I have been fully and wholly cured by its use. It is now two years since I was cured, and I have remained perfectly well up to this day. I have delayed giving you this certificate, that I might ascertain whether the disease would reappear; but I am happy and most thankful to again repeat that the cure is a perfect one, and effected wholly by the use of your Sarsaparilla. The scars still remain; and all who know me, and many of the citizens of Stamford, can testify to the severity of my case and my sufferings, and the health-restoring power of your Sarsaparilla. I can with unhesitating confidence recommend its use to every sufferer afflicted with similar complaints. After experiencing what I have from its effects, I can say tt one and all, "Hesitate and doubt no longer, but secure to yourselves the health-giving virtue this medicine can alone bestow."

Most gratefully I am, and shall always remain, your friend, ISAAC STEVENS.

TESTIMONY FROM EUROPE. Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands:—Gentlemen—Having seen your Sarsaparilla used in this city with great effect in a severe case of Scaofula, I have been requested to order three dozen bottles, which please send, on the payment of the enclosed draft on Messrs. Henschen & Unkhart, with the least possible delay. I am inspired only by a feeling of philanthropy, in begging you to publish this unasked testimony to the value of a medicine which, widely as it is known, is not known as it ought to be.

I am, Gentlemen, respectfully yours, &c. THEODORE S. FAY.

PREPARED AND SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY A. B. & D. SANDS, DRUGGISTS AND CHEMICA 100 FULTON-ST., CORNER OF WILLIAM, NEW YORK. Sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States and Canadac Price \$1 per Bottle; six Bottles for \$5

A. C. EVANS & BROTHER, Druggists.